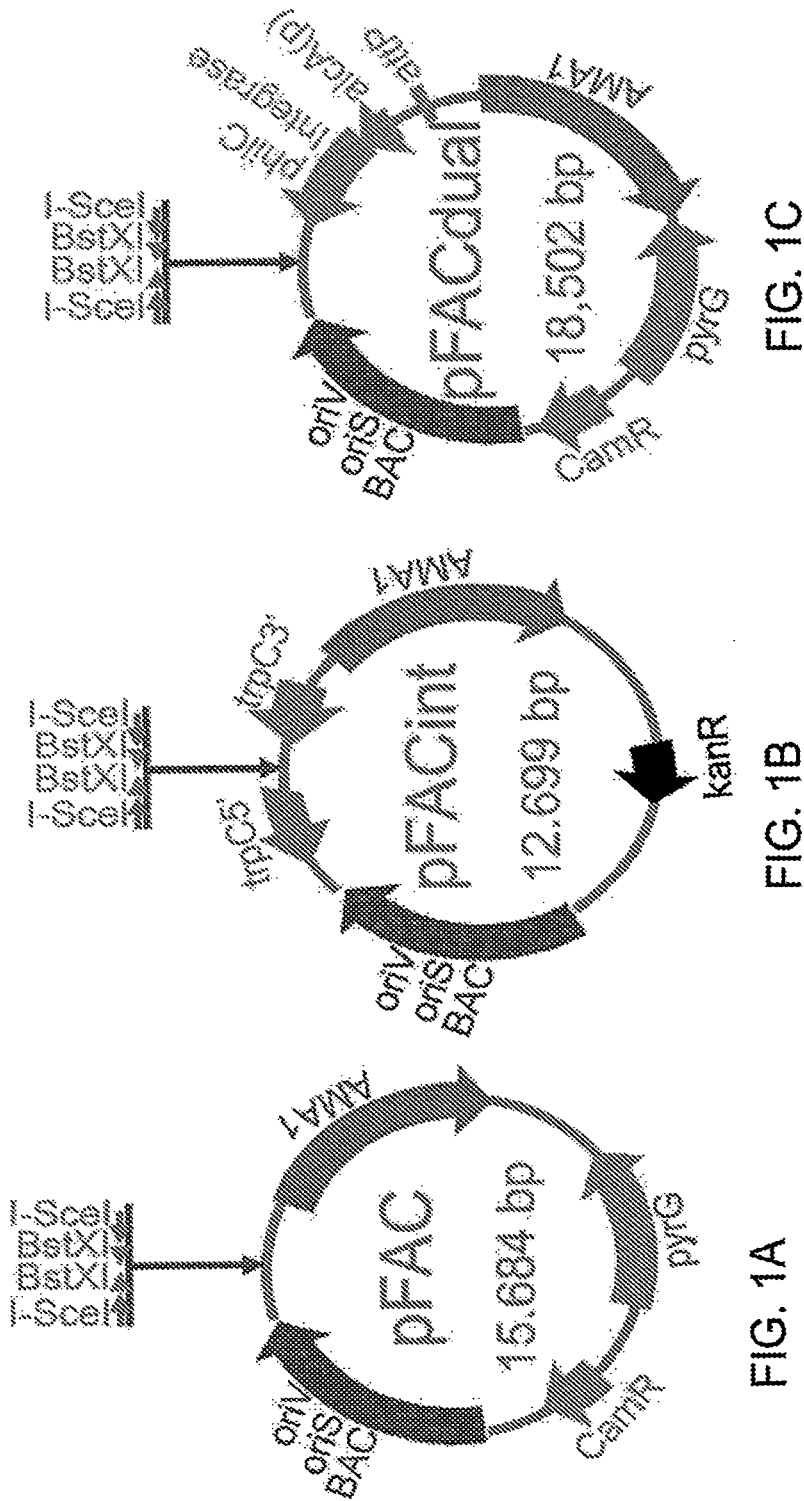




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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication** (10) **Pub. No.: US 2017/0211077 A1**
Wu (43) **Pub. Date: Jul. 27, 2017**(54) **FUNGAL ARTIFICIAL CHROMOSOMES,
COMPOSITIONS, METHODS AND USES
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MO (US)(21) Appl. No.: **15/143,493**(22) Filed: **Apr. 29, 2016****Related U.S. Application Data**(60) Provisional application No. 62/286,542, filed on Jan.
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(2013.01); *C12N 15/52* (2013.01); *C12N*
15/1093 (2013.01); *C12N 2800/20* (2013.01);
C12N 2820/55 (2013.01); *C12N 2820/002*
(2013.01); *C12N 2820/10* (2013.01); *C12N*
2800/70 (2013.01)(57) **ABSTRACT**

Fungal artificial chromosome (FAC) vectors are disclosed. A vector can be replicated in a bacterial or a fungal host, and can comprise an insert of heterologous DNA up to about 500 kilobases. A vector can be used for cloning and expressing a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster. An insert sequence can be modified by homologous recombination. A vector can be a plasmid comprising bacterial and fungal origins of replication, as well as bacterial and fungal selection marker genes. Also disclosed are vectors that can be integrated into a fungal genome, and dual function vectors which can be replicated in a bacterial or a fungal host and can also be integrated into a fungal genome. Also disclosed are methods of generating plasmid libraries including vectors comprising intact SM gene clusters.



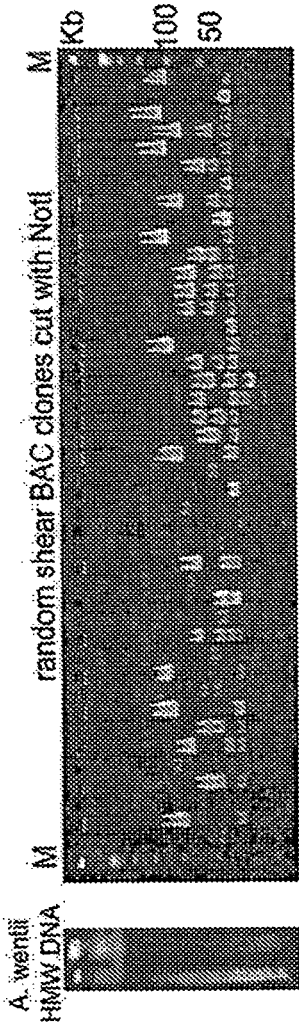


FIG. 2A

FIG. 2B

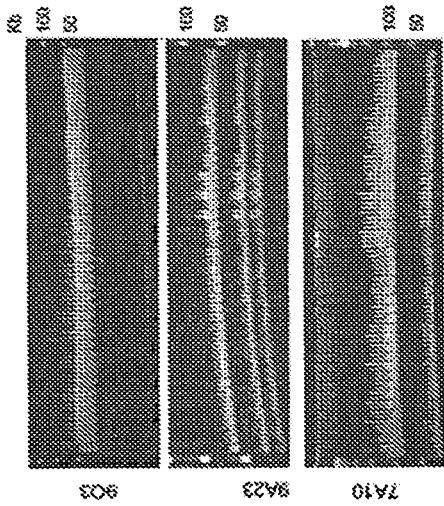


FIG. 3A

FIG. 3B

FIG. 3C

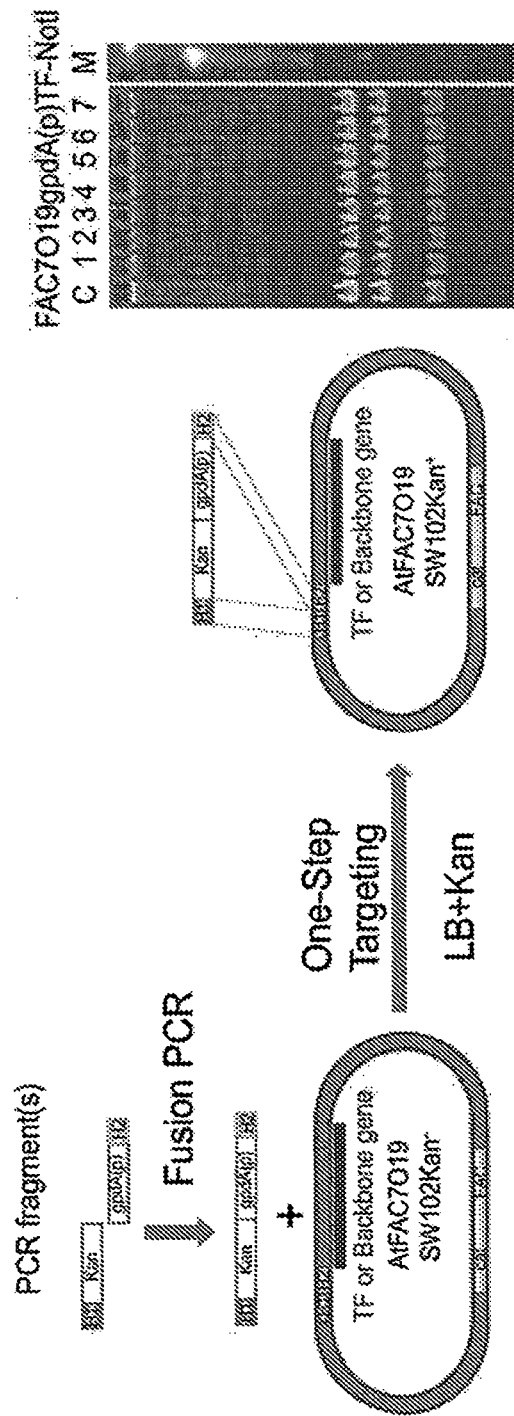


FIG. 4A

FIG. 4B

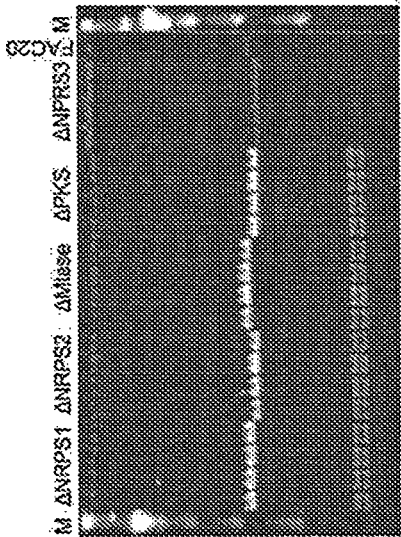


FIG. 5

Assembling a synthetic SM gene cluster with FAC system

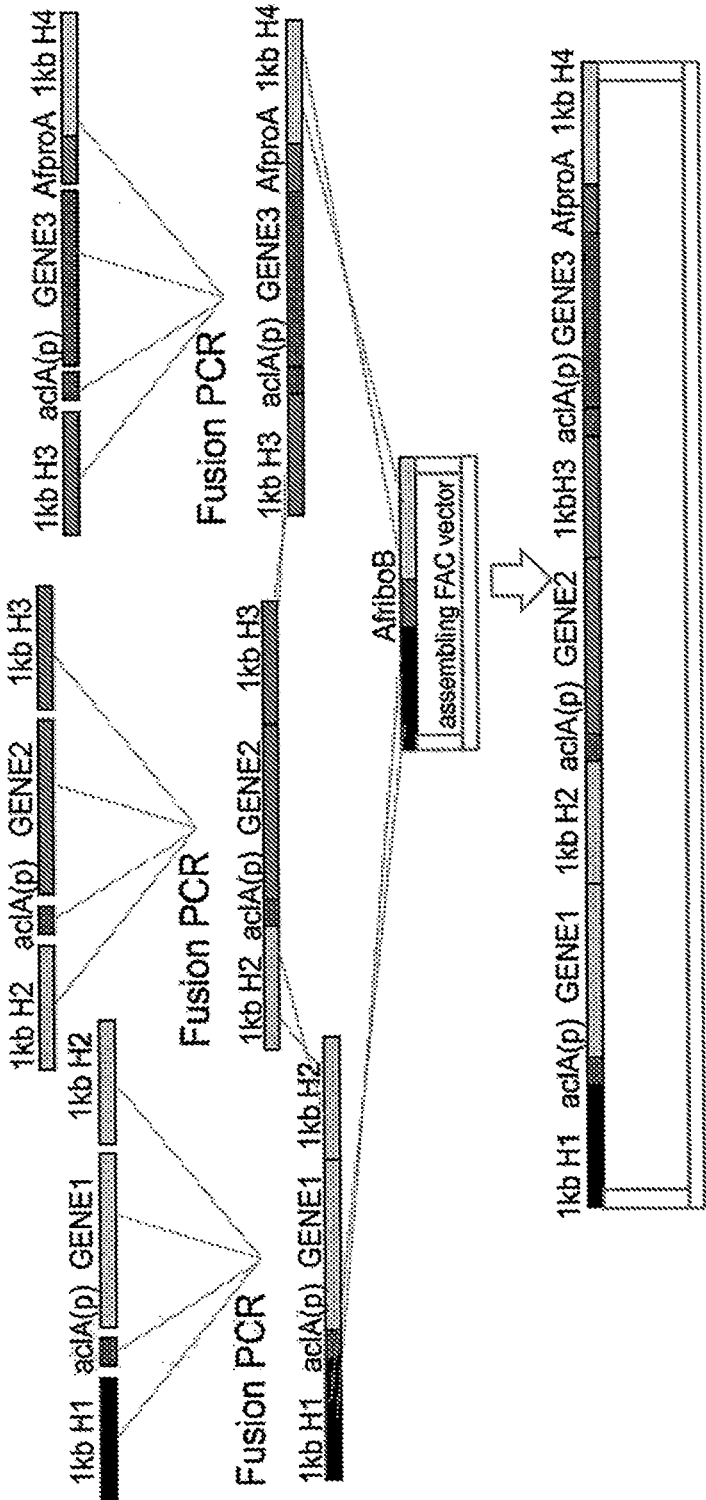


FIG. 6

FUNGAL ARTIFICIAL CHROMOSOMES, COMPOSITIONS, METHODS AND USES THEREFOR

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims benefit of and priority to U.S. Provisional patent application 62/286,542 filed Jan. 25, 2016. This application is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

GOVERNMENT SUPPORT

[0002] This invention was made with government support under R43/44AI094885 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The government has certain rights in the invention.

REFERENCE TO A SEQUENCE LISTING

[0003] The Sequence Listing, which is a part of the present disclosure, includes text file 0749sequence_ST25.txt, an 86 kilobyte file created on Apr. 29, 2016. This file comprises primer nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences of the present invention. The subject matter of the Sequence Listing is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

INTRODUCTION

[0004] Fungi contain an extensive but unexplored biosynthetic capacity, and can serve as reservoirs for novel bioactive compounds (Kobayashi, A., et al., *Agric. Biol. Chem.*, 1988, 52, 3119-3123; Kuno, F., et al., *J. Antibiot. (Tokyo)*, 1996, 49, 742-747; Kumar, C. G., et al., *Lett. Appl. Microbiol.*, 2011, 53, 350-358; Wu, M. C., et al., *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 2012, 23, 931-940; Du, L., et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.*, 2014, 53, 804-809; Fang, S. M., et al., *Mar. Drugs*, 2014, 12, 1788-1814; Leitlo, A. L. and Enguita, F. J., *Microbiol. Res.*, 2014, 169, 652-665).

[0005] Filamentous fungi produce secondary metabolites (SMs) which have historically been a rich source of lead compounds for the pharmaceutical industry. Fungi produce 45% of bioactive molecules from all microbial sources (Bérdy, J., *J. Antibiot (Tokyo)*, 2012, 65, 385-395). These compounds, derived from terpene, polyketide, and non-ribosomal peptide pathways (Keller, N. P., et al., *Nat Rev Microbiol.* 2005, 3: 937-947) display a broad range of useful antibiotic and pharmaceutical activities. A recent literature survey of fungal metabolites covering 1500 compounds that were isolated and characterized between 1993 and 2001, showed that more than half of the molecules had antibacterial, antifungal or antitumor activity (Pelaez, F., *Handbook of Industrial Mycology* (ed. An, Z.) 49-92 (Marcel Dekker, New York, 2005). Examples of fungal natural products having therapeutic or economic significance include the antibiotic penicillin from *Penicillium chrysogenum*, the immunosuppressant cyclosporine (a cyclic peptide) from *Tolypocladium inflatum*, and the cholesterol-lowering mevinolin (a.k.a. lovastatin, a polyketide) from *Aspergillus terreus*.

[0006] Fungal genomes can harbor 50 or more different SM gene clusters ranging from 20 to greater than 100 kb in size (Nordberg, H. et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 2014, 42 (Database issue), D26-31). Conservative estimates suggest that there are more than 5 million fungal species (Blackwell, M., *Am. J. Bot.*, 2011, 98, 426-438), of which fewer than 5%

have been described and less than 1% are available in the world's culture collections (Colwell, R. R., *Microbial biodiversity and biotechnology*. Washington, D.C.: Joseph Henry Press; p. 279-88, 1997). In addition, because each of these fungal genomes may harbor 50 or more different SM gene clusters ranging from 20 kb to greater than 100 kb in size (Nordberg, H. et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 2014, 42 (Database issue), D26-31), the number undiscovered SMs is presumably extremely large.

[0007] Several approaches to induce expression of SM clusters have been successful. These include overexpressing cluster-specific transcription factors or enzymatic genes, deleting or overexpressing chromatin-modifying genes, overexpressing trans-acting activators and deleting trans-acting inhibitors (Palmer, J. M. and Keller, N. P., *Curr. Opin. Microbiol.* 2010, 13: 431-436; Brakhage, A. A. and Schroeckh, V., *Fungal Genet. Biol.*, 2011, 48, 15-22; Strauss, J. and Reyes-Dominguez, Y., *Fungal Genet. Biol.*, 2011, 48, 62-69; Hong, S. Y., et al., *Toxins (Basel)* 2013, 5, 683-702). expression of heterologous SM genes (Itoh, T. et al., *Methods Mol Biol* 2012, 944, 175-182; Chiang, Y. M., et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2013, 135, 7720-7731; Nielsen, M. T., et al., *PLoS ONE* 2013, 8: e72871; Tsunematsu, Y., et al., *Nat Prod Rep* 2013, 30: 1139-1149; Yin, W. B., et al. *ACS Synth Biol* 2013, 2: 629-634).

[0008] Expression of heterologous clusters in fungi is one approach to identify SM compounds, biosynthetic SM proteins and genes. Recently, this approach has been reported for synthesis of the *A. terreus*-encoded compounds geodin and asperfuranone in *A. nidulans* (Chiang, Y. M., et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2013, 135, 7720-7731; Nielsen, M. T., et al., *PLoS ONE*, 2013, 8, e72871). *A. nidulans* was also used to heterologously express a dermatophyte-derived gene cluster responsible for the synthesis of neosartoricin B (Yin, W. B., et al., *ACS Synth. Biol.*, 2013, 2, 629-634). These studies utilized a shuttle vector that included a ColE1 origin of replication, a yeast centromere sequence and an autonomously replicating sequence. This vector was used to create a single full length cluster in *A. nidulans*. These technologies require considerable time and effort to express just one heterologous cluster. These technologies are also only compatible with inserts smaller than about 20 kilobases (kb).

[0009] Large insert DNA cloning vectors are well established in a variety of systems, including: yeast artificial chromosome (YAC, Burke, D., et al., *Science*, 1987, 236, 806-812), bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC, Shizuya, H., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.*, 1992, 89, 8794-8797), P1-derived artificial chromosome (PAC, Ioannou, P. A., et al., *Nat. Genet.*, 1994, 6, 84-89), *E. coli*-plant shuttle BAC, also called binary BAC (BIBAC, Hamilton, C. M., *Gene*, 1997, 200, 107-116), *E. coli-Streptomyces* artificial chromosome (ESAC, Sosio, M., et al., *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 2000, 18, 343-345). However these plasmid systems are not compatible with fungi. A previously reported *E. coli*-fungus shuttle plasmid vector can neither accommodate nor maintain 100 kb or larger DNA fragments (Yin, W. B., et al., *ACS Synth. Biol.*, 2013, 2, 629-634).

[0010] *A. nidulans* AMA1 is a fungal replication element that has been used in an *E. coli*-fungus shuttle vector for small plasmids (Gems, D., et al., *Gene*, 1991, 98, 61-67; Aleksenko, A. and Clutterbuck, A., *J. Fungal Genet. Biol.*, 1997, 21, 373-387; Kubodera, T. et al. *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.*, 2000, 64, 1416-1426). There were also fungal shuttle plasmids or vectors reported for integration (Tiburn,

J., et al., *Gene*. 1983, 26:205-221; Golduran, G. H. and Morris, N. R., *Methods in Molecular Genetics* 1995, 6, 48-65 *Microbial Gene Techniques* Edited by Kenneth W. Adolph; Kubodera, T., et al., *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.*, 2000, 64, 1416-1426; Arentshorst, M., et al., *Fungal Biology and Biotechnology*, 2015, 2, 2), autonomous replication or extra-chromosomal maintenance (Gems, D., et al., *Gene*, 1991, 98, 61-67; Golduran, G. H. and Morris, N. R., *Methods in Molecular Genetics* 1995, 6, 48-65 *Microbial Gene Techniques* Edited by Kenneth W. Adolph; Kubodera, T. et al. *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.*, 2000, 64, 1416-1426). However, these shuttle plasmids or vectors cannot be used to clone and transform very large DNA (such as 20 kb or larger). A previous attempt to introduce up to 75 Kb of fungal DNA into *Fusarium oxysporum* and *A. awamori* using an *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* transformation system yielded few transformants with large DNA inserts. Furthermore, no attempts to examine stability of heterologous DNA, let alone expression, were made (Takken, F. L., et al., *Curr. Genet.*, 2004, 45, 242-248).

[0011] Bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs) have been widely used for genomic DNA sequencing, positional cloning, and mapping in prokaryotes and eukaryotes including filamentous fungi (Zhu, H., et al., *Fungal Genet. Biol.*, 1997, 21, 337-347; Nishimura, M., et al., *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.*, 1998, 62, 1515-1521; Adler, H. et al., *Rev. Med. Virol.*, 2003, 13, 111-121; Diener, S. E., et al., *Fungal Genet. Biol.*, 2004, 41, 1077-1087; Srivastava, S. K., et al., *PLoS One* 2014, 9: e81832). Although large-insert DNA systems have also been applied for heterologous expression of microbial natural product biosynthetic pathways and metagenomic studies, there has been limited success reported. (Béjã, O., *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 2004, 15, 187-190; Lorenz, P. and Eck, J., *Nat. Rev. Microbiol.*, 2005, 3, 510-516; Ongley, S. E., et al., *Nat. Prod. Rep.*, 2013, 30, 1121-1138). Challenges with these systems include: 1) DNA cloning bias; 2) small DNA insert size; 3) lack of advanced heterologous expression hosts and 4) insufficient high-resolution chemical and data analysis pipelines. One reason for these challenges is that to date almost all BAC libraries are produced using partial restriction digestion (Wu, C. C., et al., *Encyclopedia of Molecular Cell Biology and Molecular Medicine Volume 3* (2nd Edition), Edited by Meyers R. A., Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH: Weinheim, Germany 2004, pp 385-425 2004; Zhang, M., et al., *Nat. Protoc.*, 2012, 7, 467-478). Partial restriction digestion can be biased because the occurrence of restriction sites is highly variable and non-random in any genome including fungal genomes. Certain genomic regions can contain an excess of the restriction sites or lack them altogether, for example in regions of genomic DNA that contain highly repetitive sequences, such as centromeres and telomeres (Godiska, R., et al., *Bias-Free Cloning of 'Unclonable' DNA for Simplified Genomic Finishing*. In *DNA Sequencing III: Dealing with Difficult Templates*. Sudbury, M A: Jones and Bartlett Publishers: 2008). As a result, some sequences can be difficult or impossible to determine, even with multiple biased partial digestion libraries and up to 50x coverage.

[0012] Additionally, DNA fragments from rare or frequent cutting genomic regions can be either too large or too small for DNA fragment fractionation and can be excluded from cloning. Fragmentation of high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA by mechanical shearing, such as sonication, nebulization and hydroshearing, can generate small DNA

fragments (10 kb or smaller). These methods can be unsuitable for preparing fragments ranging from 100 kb-300 kb. Freeze-thaw cycles have been reported to result in large DNA fragmentation, but these methods are not efficient enough for routine use (Osoegawa, K., et al., *Genomics.*, 2007, 89, 291-299).

[0013] Red/ET (Red alpha/beta or RecE/T) tools have been developed for efficient large DNA or BAC-based recombinant engineering (Copeland, N. G., et al., *Nat. Rev. Genet.* 2001, 2: 769-779; Muirers, J. P. P. et al., *Trends in Bioch. Sci.*, 2001, 26, 325-331). Engineered large DNA or BACs have been routinely used for generating transgenic animals, such as mice, and for the functional study of large genes or pathways in mammals, such as humans (Johnson, S. J. and Wade-Martins, R. A., *Biochem. Soc. Trans.* 2011, 39, 862-867).

[0014] BAC-based large gene expression in animal models (Johnson, S. J. and Wade-Martins, R. A., *Biochem. Soc. Trans.* 2011, 39, 862-867) cannot be directly applied to study fungal SM pathways or discovery of natural products (NPs).

[0015] There is thus an unmet need for new methods and compositions for cloning large stretches of fungal DNA, such as entire clusters of genes involved in biosynthesis of secondary metabolites.

SUMMARY

[0016] Because of an unmet need for new tools to study fungal genes, the present inventor has developed vectors and methods for generating libraries of SM gene clusters that can be propagated and expressed in a fungal host.

[0017] In some embodiments, the present teachings include a fungal artificial chromosome (FAC). In various aspects, a fungal artificial chromosome can comprise at least one bacterial origin of replication, a bacterial selectable marker gene, a fungal selectable marker gene and a fungal autonomous replicating element. In various aspects, a FAC can be a shuttle vector or plasmid that can replicate in a bacterial host such as, for example, and without limitation *E. coli* as well as a fungal host, such as, for example and without limitation a filamentous fungus such as an *Aspergillus*. In some configurations, the *Aspergillus* can be *Aspergillus nidulans*.

[0018] In some configurations, a fungal artificial chromosome of the present teachings can be a dual-function fungal artificial chromosome (FACdual). In various configurations, a FACdual can comprise at least one bacterial origin of replication, a bacterial selectable marker gene, a fungal autonomous replicating element, an integration site for recombination with a host, an integrase gene, and a fungal selectable marker gene. In some configurations, the integration site can be, without limitation, an attP site. In some configurations, the integrase gene can be, without limitation, a fungal codon-optimized phi31 integrase gene. In some configurations, a FACdual can further comprise a fungal-operative promoter such as a fungal inducible promoter. In various configurations, the fungal-operative promoter can be operably linked to the integrase gene. In various aspects, a fungal inducible promoter can be an alcA(p) (Romero, B., et al., *Fungal Genet. Biol.* 2003 40, 103-114). In various aspects, a fungal inducible promoter can be a glaA(p) (Smith, T. L., et al., *Gene*, 1990, 88, 259-262). In various aspects, a fungal inducible promoter can be a sucA promoter (Roth, A. H., et al., *Appl Microbiol Biotechnol.*, 2010, 86, 659-670).

[0019] In various configurations, a fungal autonomous replicating element can be any fungal autonomous replicating element, such as, without limitation, an AMA1 autonomous replicating element.

[0020] In some embodiments, the present teachings include a fungal artificial chromosome integration vector (FACint). In various configurations, a fungal artificial chromosome integration vector can comprise at least one bacterial origin of replication, a bacterial selectable marker gene, two fungal DNA sequences in the same orientation, and a fungal selectable marker gene. In various configurations, the two fungal sequences can be sequences homologous to a host fungal DNA. In various configurations, two fungal homologous DNA sequences can be, for example and without limitation, *Aspergillus* 1,007-bp 5'trpC and 1,000-bp 3'trpC homologous sequences. In various aspects, a FACint can replicate in a prokaryotic host such as, without limitation, an *E. coli*. In various aspects, a FACint can integrate into the genome of a fungal host such as, without limitation, an *Aspergillus* fungus such as an *Aspergillus nidulans*. In various aspects, a FACint can serve as a shuttle vector or plasmid. In various aspects, the bacterial selectable marker gene can be any bacterial selectable marker gene known to skilled artisans, such as, but not limited to a kanamycin-resistance gene (kanR).

[0021] In various configurations, a vector of the present teachings, i.e., a FAC, a FACdual or a FACint of the present teachings, can further comprise a cloning site comprising a plurality of recognition sites for endonucleases that bind and cut DNA at specific sequences. Endonuclease recognition sequences include recognition sequences of restriction endonucleases from prokaryotes and homing endonucleases from eukaryotes (as used herein, "restriction enzymes"). In some configurations, a cloning site can comprise a plurality of recognition sites for restriction enzymes that generate incompatible (i.e., non-complementary or non-palindromic) single-stranded overhangs upon digestion of the FAC. In some aspects, a cloning site can include recognition sequences for one or more restriction enzymes such as, without limitation, Bsr I, I-CeuI, BstXI, I-SceI or a combination thereof. In some aspects, a recognition sequence can be a recognition sequence of a restriction enzyme such as, without limitation, BstXI, I-SceI or a combination thereof. In some aspects, a cloning site can include a pair of restriction enzyme recognition sites in a tandem orientation. In some aspects, a cloning site can include a pair of restriction enzyme recognition sites in an opposing, "head-to-head" orientation. In some aspects a cloning site can include, in order, recognition sites for I-SceI, BstXI, BstXI, and I-SceI. In some aspects, the I-SceI sites can be in a head-to-head orientation with each other. In some aspects, the BstXI sites can be in a head-to-head orientation with each other. In some configurations, a cloning site can further comprise one or more recognition sites for other restriction enzymes such as, for example, Bam HI, Hind III, Eco RI, or NotI.

[0022] In various configurations, a vector of the present teachings can be maintained and can replicate in a prokaryotic host such as, without limitation, an *E. coli*, or in a eukaryotic fungal host such as, without limitation, an *Aspergillus* such as *A. nidulans*.

[0023] In some configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include a low-copy number bacterial origin of replication, an inducible high-copy number bacterial origin

of replication, or a combination thereof, i.e., both a low-copy number and an inducible high-copy number bacterial origins of replication. In various aspects, a low-copy number bacterial origin of replication can be, for example and without limitation, an oriS. In various aspects, an inducible high-copy number bacterial origin of replication can be, for example and without limitation, an oriV. In various configurations, the high copy number origin of replication can be controlled by a replication initiation protein gene encoded in the *E. coli* host genome or a plasmid. In various configurations, the replication initiation protein gene can be TrfA. In various configurations, an inducible promoter can be operably linked to the replication initiation protein gene. In various configurations, the inducible promoter can be any bacterial inducible promoter, such as, without limitation, an arabinose-inducible promoter, a lac promoter, an IPTG-inducible T3 promoter, an IPTG-inducible T5 promoter or a rhamnose-inducible (rhaBAD) promoter.

[0024] In some configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include one or more genes for selectable markers for bacteria such as *E. coli*, such as, without limitation, a chloramphenicol resistance gene (camR or CAT), kanR, ampR, genR, tetA, strepR, galK or a combination thereof. In various aspects, a selectable marker can be used for positive selection (e.g., selecting for the presence of ampicillin resistance or galK (galactokinase) activity) or negative selection (e.g., selecting for the absence of galK activity (Warming, S., et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 2005, Vol. 33, No. 4 e36)).

[0025] In some configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include a fungal selectable marker gene, such as, without limitation, pyrG, ptrA, trpC or a combination thereof. In some aspects, a fungal selection marker gene can be a pyrG gene.

[0026] In some configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include an insertion of DNA from an exogenous source. In various configurations, a DNA insert can be an insertion at the cloning site. In various configurations, a DNA insert can be from any source, such as a virus, a prokaryotic microorganism, a eukaryotic microorganism, a plant, an animal, a human, or a cDNA generated from an RNA. In some configurations, a source of DNA can be the genome of a eukaryotic microorganism, such as a yeast or a filamentous fungus. In some configurations, a source of DNA can be an *Aspergillus* fungus, including any *Aspergillus* species. In some configurations, a source of DNA can be an *Aspergillus* fungus other than *Aspergillus nidulans*. In some configurations, a source of a DNA insert can be an *Aspergillus* fungus such as, without limitation, *A. acidus*, *A. aculeatinus*, *A. aculeatus*, *A. aeneus*, *A. affinis*, *A. alabamensis*, *A. alliaceus*, *A. amazonicus*, *A. ambiguus*, *A. amoenus*, *A. amstelodami*, *A. amyloliquefaciens*, *A. amylovorus*, *A. anomalus*, *A. anthodesmis*, *A. apicalis*, *A. appendiculatus*, *A. arachidicola*, *A. arenarius*, *A. arvii*, *A. asperescens*, *A. assulatus*, *A. stellatus*, *A. aurantiobrunneus*, *A. aureofulgens*, *A. aureolatus*, *A. aureoterreus*, *A. aureus*, *A. auricomus*, *A. australensis*, *A. austroafricanus*, *A. avenaceus*, *A. awamori*, *A. bacticus*, *A. bahamensis*, *A. biplanus*, *A. bisporus*, *A. bombycis*, *A. brasiliensis*, *A. brevipes*, *A. brevistipitatus*, *A. bridgeri*, *A. brunneo-uniseriatus*, *A. brunneoviolaceus*, *A. caelatus*, *A. caesiellus*, *A. caespitosus*, *A. calidoustus*, *A. campestris*, *A. candidus*, *A. capensis*, *A. carbonarius*, *A. carneus*, *A. cavernicola*, *A. cavernicola*, *A. cervinus*, *A. chevalieri*, *A. chungii*, *A. cibarius*, *A. clavato-*

flavus, *A. clavatonanicus*, *A. clavatus*, *A. conicus*, *A. conjunctus*, *A. conversis*, *A. coreanus*, *A. coremiiformis*, *A. costaricensis*, *A. costiformis*, *A. creber*, *A. cretensis*, *A. cristatus*, *A. crustosus*, *A. crystallinus*, *A. cvjetkovicii*, *A. deflectus*, *A. delacroixii*, *A. delicatus*, *A. densus*, *A. dentatulus*, *A. depauperatus*, *A. dessyi*, *A. digitatus*, *A. dimorphicus*, *A. diplocystis*, *A. discophorus*, *A. disjunctus*, *A. diversus*, *A. dorotheicus*, *A. dubius*, *A. duricaulis*, *A. dybowskii*, *A. eburneocreus*, *A. eburneus*, *A. echinosporus*, *A. echinulatus*, *A. ecuadorensis*, *A. eflhsus*, *A. egyptiacus*, *A. elatior*, *A. elegans*, *A. ellipsoideus*, *A. ellipticus*, *A. elongatus*, *A. equitis*, *A. erythrocephalus*, *A. falconensis*, *A. fasciculatus*, *A. fennelliae*, *A. ferrugineus*, *A. ferrugineus*, *A. ficum*, *A. fionthi*, *A. filifera*, *A. fimetarius*, *A. fimeti*, *A. fischeri*, *A. fischerianus*, *A. flaschentraegeri*, *A. flavescens*, *A. flavidus*, *A. flavipes*, *A. flavofurcatus*, *A. flavoviridescens*, *A. flavus*, *A. flocculosus*, *A. floriformis*, *A. foeniculicola*, *A. foetidus*, *A. fonsecaeus*, *A. foutoyonitii*, *A. foveolatus*, *A. fresenii*, *A. fruticans*, *A. fruticulosus*, *A. fujiokensis*, *A. fuliginosus*, *A. fulvus*, *A. fumaricus*, *A. fumigatiifinis*, *A. fumigatoides*, *A. fumigatus*, *A. fumisynnematus*, *A. fungoides*, *A. funiculosus*, *A. fuscus*, *A. galeritus*, *A. giganteus*, *A. gigantosulphureus*, *A. gigas*, *A. glaber*, *A. glaucoaffinis*, *A. glauconiveus*, *A. glaucus*, *A. globosus*, *A. godfrini*, *A. gorakhpurensis*, *A. gracilis*, *A. granulatus*, *A. granulatus*, *A. gratioti*, *A. greconis*, *A. griseus*, *A. guttifer*, *A. gymnosardae*, *A. halophilicus*, *A. halophilus*, *A. helicothrix*, *A. hennebergii*, *A. herbariorum*, *A. heterocaryoticus*, *A. heteromorphus*, *A. heterothallicus*, *A. heyangensis*, *A. hiratsukae*, *A. hollandicus*, *A. homomorphus*, *A. hortae*, *A. humicola*, *A. humus*, *A. ibericus*, *A. igneus*, *A. iizukae*, *A. implicatus*, *A. incrassatus*, *A. indicus*, *A. indohii*, *A. ingratus*, *A. insecticola*, *A. insuetus*, *A. insulicola*, *A. intermedius*, *A. inuii*, *A. itaconicus*, *A. ivoriensis*, *A. janus*, *A. japonicus*, *A. jeanselmei*, *A. kambarensis*, *A. kanagawaensis*, *A. kassunensis*, *A. katsuobushi*, *A. keveii*, *A. koningii*, *A. laciniosus*, *A. lacticoffeatus*, *A. laneus*, *A. lanosus*, *A. laokiasanensis*, *A. lateralis*, *A. lentulus*, *A. lepidophyton*, *A. leporis*, *A. leucocarpus*, *A. lignieresii*, *A. longivesica*, *A. longobasidia*, *A. luchensi*, *A. luchuensis*, *A. lucknowensis*, *A. luteoniger*, *A. luteovirescens*, *A. lutescens*, *A. luteus*, *A. macfiei*, *A. macrosporus*, *A. malignus*, *A. malodoratus*, *A. malvaceus*, *A. mandshuricus*, *A. manginii*, *A. mannitosus*, *A. maritimus*, *A. mattletii*, *A. maximus*, *A. medius*, *A. melitensis*, *A. melleus*, *A. mellinus*, *A. menciari*, *A. michelii*, *A. microcephalus*, *A. microcysticus*, *A. microsporus*, *A. microthecius*, *A. microviridicitrinus*, *A. minimus*, *A. minisclerotigenes*, *A. minor*, *A. minutus*, *A. miyajii*, *A. miyakoensis*, *A. mollis*, *A. montenegroi*, *A. montevidensis*, *A. mucoroides*, *A. mucoroides*, *A. muelleri*, *A. multicolor*, *A. multiplicatus*, *A. muricatus*, *A. muscivora*, *A. mutabilis*, *A. mycetomi-villabruzzii*, *A. mycobanche*, *A. nakazawae*, *A. nantae*, *A. nanus*, *A. navahoensis*, *A. neobridgeri*, *A. ncocarnoyi*, *A. neoellipticus*, *A. neoglaber*, *A. nidulellus*, *A. niger*, *A. nigrescens*, *A. nigricans*, *A. nishimurae*, *A. niveoglauca*, *A. niveus*, *A. noelting*, *A. nominus*, *A. nomius*, *A. novofumigatus*, *A. novus*, *A. ochraceopetaliformis*, *A. ochraceoroseus*, *A. ochraceoruber*, *A. ochraceus*, *A. okazakii*, *A. olivaceofuscus*, *A. olivaceus*, *A. olivascens*, *A. olivicola*, *A. omanensis*, *A. onikii*, *A. oosporus*, *A. ornatulus*, *A. ornatus*, *A. oryzae*, *A. ostianus*, *A. otanii*, *A. ovalispermus*, *A. paleaceus*, *A. pallidus*, *A. panamensis*, *A. paradoxus*, *A. parasiticus*, *A. parrulus*, *A. parvathecus*, *A. parvisclerotigenus*, *A. parviverruculosus*, *A. parvulus*, *A. paulistensis*, *A. penicillatus*, *A. penicilliformis*, *A. penicillioideus*, *A. penicil-*

lioideum, *A. penicillopsis*, *A. periconioides*, *A. perniciosus*, *A. persii*, *A. petrakii*, *A. peyronellii*, *A. phaeocephalus*, *A. phialiseptatus*, *A. phoenicis*, *A. pidoplichknovii*, *A. piperis*, *A. polychromus*, *A. pouchetii*, *A. primulinus*, *A. profusus*, *A. proliferans*, *A. protuberus*, *A. pseudocaelatus*, *A. pseudocarbonarius*, *A. pseudocitricus*, *A. pseudoclavatus*, *A. pseudodeflectus*, *A. pseudoelator*, *A. pseudoelegans*, *A. pseudoflavus*, *A. pseudoglauca*, *A. pseudoheteromorphus*, *A. pseudoniger*, *A. pseudoniger*, *A. pseudonomius*, *A. pseudotamarii*, *A. pulchellus*, *A. pulmonum-hominis*, *A. pulverulentus*, *A. pulvinus*, *A. puniceus*, *A. purpureofuscus*, *A. purpureus*, *A. pusillus*, *A. pyramidus*, *A. pyri*, *A. qinqixianii*, *A. qizutongii*, *A. quadricinctus*, *A. quadricingens*, *A. quadrididus*, *A. quadrilineatus*, *A. quercinus*, *A. quininae*, *A. quiten-sis*, *A. racemosus*, *A. raianus*, *A. rambellii*, *A. ramosus*, *A. raperi*, *A. recurvatus*, *A. rehmi*, *A. repandus*, *A. repens*, *A. reptans*, *A. restrictus*, *A. rhizopodus*, *A. robustus*, *A. roseoglobosus*, *A. roseoglobulosus*, *A. roseovelutinus*, *A. roseus*, *A. roseus*, *A. ruber*, *A. rubrobrunneus*, *A. rubrum*, *A. rufescens*, *A. rugulosus*, *A. rugulovalvus*, *A. rutilans*, *A. sacchari*, *A. saitoi*, *A. salviicola*, *A. sartoryi*, *A. scheelei*, *A. schiemanniae*, *A. sclerogenus*, *A. sclerotiacarbonarius*, *A. sclerotioniger*, *A. sclerotiorum*, *A. sejunctus*, *A. septatus*, *A. sepultus*, *A. silvaticus*, *A. simplex*, *A. sojae*, *A. sparsus*, *A. spathulatus*, *A. spectabilis*, *A. speluncaeus*, *A. spiculosus*, *A. spinosus*, *A. spinulosus*, *A. spiralis*, *A. stella-maris*, *A. stellatus*, *A. stellifer*, *A. stercoreus*, *A. sterigmatophorus*, *A. steynii*, *A. stramenius*, *A. striatulus*, *A. striatus*, *A. stromatoides*, *A. strychni*, *A. subfuscus*, *A. subgriscus*, *A. sublatus*, *A. sublcvisporus*, *A. subolivaceus*, *A. subsessilis*, *A. subunguis*, *A. sulphureus*, *A. sulphureus*, *A. sunderbanii*, *A. sydowii*, *A. sylvaticus*, *A. syncephalis*, *A. tabacinus*, *A. taichungensis*, *A. takakii*, *A. taklimakanensis*, *A. tamari*, *A. tapirirae*, *A. tardus*, *A. tatenoi*, *A. terrestis*, *A. terreus*, *A. terricola*, *A. testaceocolorans*, *A. tetrazonus*, *A. thermomutatus*, *A. thomi*, *A. tiraboschii*, *A. togoensis*, *A. tokelau*, *A. tonophilus*, *A. toxicarius*, *A. tritici*, *A. tsurutac*, *A. tuberculatus*, *A. tubingensis*, *A. tunctanus*, *A. udagawae*, *A. umbrius*, *A. umbrosus*, *A. undulatus*, *A. unguis*, *A. unilateralis*, *A. usamii*, *A. ustilago*, *A. ustus*, *A. uvarum*, *A. vadensis*, *A. vancampcnhoutii*, *A. varanasensis*, *A. variabilis*, *A. varians*, *A. varicolor*, *A. variegatus*, *A. velutinus*, *A. venezuelensis*, *A. versicolor*, *A. vinosobubalinus*, *A. violaceobrunneus*, *A. violaceofuscus*, *A. violaceus*, *A. virens*, *A. viridigriseus*, *A. viridimutans*, *A. vitellinus*, *A. vitis*, *A. vitricola*, *A. wangd-uianlii*, *A. warcupii*, *A. wehmeri*, *A. welwitschiae*, *A. wentii*, *A. wcstendorpii*, *A. westerdijkiae*, *A. xerophilus*, *A. yezoen-sis*, *A. zhaoqingensis* or *A. zonatus*.

[0027] In various configurations, a vector of the present teachings (i.e., a FAC, a FACdual or a FACint of the present teachings) can include an insert which can be at least 10 kb in length, at least 20 kb in length, at least 30 kb in length, at least 40 kb in length, at least 50 kb in length, at least 60 kb in length, at least 70 kb in length, at least 80 kb in length, at least 90 kb in length, at least 100 kb in length, at least 110 kb in length, or at least 120 kb in length. In various configurations, an insert can be up to 500 kb in length, up to 400 kb in length, up to 300 kb in length, up to 200 kb in length, or up to 150 kb in length. Thus, in various configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include an insert ranging, for example and without limitation, from 30 kb up to 500 kb, from 40 kb up to 400 kb, from 50 kb up to 300 kb, or from 100 kb to 500 kb.

[0028] In various configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include an insert which can comprise, consist essentially of, or consist of at least one secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster. In various configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include an insert which can comprise, consist essentially of, or consist of at least one secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster and all genes of this gene cluster encoding a final metabolite product from a fungus. In various aspects, the SM gene cluster can be from a fungal species heterologous to a host fungal species of a vector of the present teachings. In various aspects, the SM gene cluster can be from a fungal species other than *A. nidulans*, and the host fungal species can be *A. nidulans*. In various configurations, an insert comprising an SM gene cluster can be up to 500 kb in length, up to 400 kb in length, up to 300 kb in length, up to 200 kb in length, or up to 150 kb in length. Thus, in various configurations, a vector of the present teachings can include an SM gene cluster ranging, for example and without limitation, from 30 kb up to 500 kb, from 40 kb up to 400 kb, from 50 kb up to 300 kb, from 100 kb to 500 kb, from 100 kb to 400 kb, or from 100 kb to 300 kb. In various configurations, an SM gene cluster comprised by a vector of the present teachings can be a complete gene cluster. In some aspects, expression of an SM gene cluster in a heterologous fungal host can be used to recreate a biosynthetic pathway of a secondary metabolite.

[0029] In various configurations, the present teachings include a host fungus comprising a vector of the present teachings (i.e., a FAC, a FACdual, or a FACint). In various aspects, the host fungus can be a filamentous fungus, such as, without limitation, an *Aspergillus* fungus. In various aspects, the fungus can be an *Aspergillus nidulans* fungus. In various configurations, a host fungus comprising a vector of the present teachings comprising an SM gene cluster can express genes of the cluster. Because the genes of an SM gene cluster comprised by a vector of the present teachings are in a fungal environment, naturally occurring gene expression, post-transcriptional and post-translational regulation and modifications, as well as synthesis of secondary metabolites, can be duplicated or closely approximated. In some aspects, one or more genes of an SM gene cluster can be modified to effect an increase or a decrease in expression levels, or to alter protein structure.

[0030] In various configurations, a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster comprised by vector of the present teachings can be modified with one or more targeted insertions, one or more targeted deletions, or a combination thereof. In various aspects, a modification can lead to enhanced expression of one or more genes comprised by an SM gene cluster. In various aspects, a modification can lead to reduced expression of one or more genes comprised by an SM gene cluster. In various aspects, a modification can lead to activation of a cryptic gene. In various aspects, a modification can be a targeted insertion into a specific site in an SM gene cluster. In various aspects, a modification can be a targeted deletion of a portion of an SM gene cluster. In some aspects, the vector can be a FAC, a FACdual or a FACint of the present teachings.

[0031] In some embodiments, the present teachings include methods of inserting a DNA sequence into a targeted location in a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster. In various configurations, these methods can comprise providing a vector of the present teachings (i.e., a FAC, a FACdual or a FACint of the present teachings) comprising a second-

ary metabolite (SM) gene cluster; providing an insertion DNA comprising, consisting essentially of, or consisting of a) a first sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a first side of the targeted location, b) a sequence to be inserted, c) a second sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a second side of the targeted location and d) a bacterial selectable marker; transforming the vector and the insertion DNA into an *E. coli* strain that expresses Red/ET recombinase enzymes; and selecting a transformed *E. coli* cell that comprises the bacterial selectable marker. Without being limited by theory, it is believed that insertion of a sequence at a targeted location can be achieved through homologous recombination between the insertion DNA and the SM gene cluster comprised by the vector. In some configurations, the bacterial selectable marker of the insertion DNA can be a marker other than a bacterial selectable marker comprised by the vector prior to the transformation. In various configurations, the bacterial selectable marker can be a positive selection marker or a negative selection marker. In some aspects, the vector can be a FAC.

[0032] In some embodiments, the present teachings include methods of deleting a targeted DNA sequence from a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster. In various configurations, these methods can comprise providing a vector of the present teachings (i.e., a FAC, a FACdual or a FACint of the present teachings) comprising a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster; providing a deletion DNA comprising a) a first sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a first side of the targeted DNA sequence, b) a second sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a second side of the targeted DNA sequence, and c) a bacterial selectable marker; transforming the vector and the insertion DNA into an *E. coli* strain that expresses Red/ET recombinase enzymes; and selecting a transformed *E. coli* cell that comprises the bacterial selectable marker. Without being limited by theory, it is believed that deletion of a targeted sequence can be achieved through homologous recombination between the deletion DNA and the SM gene cluster comprised by the vector. In some configurations, the bacterial selectable marker of the deletion DNA can be a marker other than a bacterial selectable marker comprised by the vector prior to the transformation. In various configurations, the bacterial selectable marker can be a positive selection marker or a negative selection marker. In some aspects, the vector can be a FAC of the present teachings.

[0033] In some embodiments, the present teachings include methods of constructing unbiased libraries in a vector of the present teachings. In various configurations, these methods can comprise providing high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA from a source of DNA such as a fungus; mechanically shearing the HMW genomic DNA into fragments of 100 kb-300 kb in length; generating blunt ends on the DNA fragments; ligating restriction enzyme linkers such as BstXI linkers to the blunt ends, thereby generating linker-ligated DNA fragments; purifying the linker-ligated DNA fragments by pulse field gel electrophoresis; and ligating the purified and linker-ligated DNA fragments into a restriction enzyme-cut vector such as a BstXI-cut vector of the present teachings. In various aspects, the methods can further comprise transforming a host microorganism with the ligated, restriction enzyme-cut vector. In various configurations, the host microorganism can be an *E. coli* or a second fungus such as, for example, an *A. nidulans*. In various configurations, the restriction enzyme can be

BstXI. In various configurations, the vector can be a FAC of the present teachings. In various aspects, the source of the DNA can be a filamentous fungus such as, without limitation, an *Aspergillus* fungus, such as an *Aspergillus* other than *A. nidulans*. In some aspects, the host microorganism can be an *Aspergillus* fungus such as *A. nidulans*. In various aspects, the source of high molecular weight genomic DNA can be a fungal species other than the host fungal species. In various aspects, the HMW genomic DNA can be fungal genomic DNA heterologous to the host fungal species. In various aspects, the HMW genomic DNA can be fungal genomic DNA comprising a secondary metabolite gene cluster.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0034] FIG. 1A-C illustrate diagrams of FAC vectors of the present teachings.

[0035] FIG. 2A-B illustrate preparation of HMW genomic DNA from *Aspergillus wentii* and random shear FAC cloning results.

[0036] FIG. 3A-C CHEFF gels showing that *E. coli-Aspergillus* shuttle BACs or FACs are successfully transferred from transformed strains of *A. nidulans* back into *E. coli*.

[0037] FIG. 4A-B Illustrate schematic overview of one-step precise FAC modification and molecular confirmation of successful fusion PCR.

[0038] FIG. 5 A CHEFF gel shows five precise gene deletions of AtFAC9J20 (FAC20).

[0039] FIG. 6 A schematic diagram of assembling a synthetic SM gene cluster by the FAC system in *A. nidulans*.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0040] The present teachings provide vectors and methods for the production of unbiased large-insert genomic libraries, for capturing complete sets of large intact SM gene pathways from a fungus. The vectors can be used to shuttle large intact SM gene clusters between a fungal host and a bacterial host. *A. nidulans* can be used as a host for heterologous expression of SM gene clusters. In addition, vectors of the present teaching allow targeted modification of SM gene clusters with insertions and deletions using homologous recombination.

[0041] The present inventor has constructed unbiased fungal shuttle BAC (FAC) libraries with average insert sizes of 100 kb or larger from six sequenced fungi: *Aspergillus aculeatus*, *A. wentii*, *A. terreus*, *Fusarium solani*, *Penicillium expansum*, and *P. marneffei*. The average insert size in each library is such that an individual vector can contain a complete SM pathway, or a fungal secondary metabolite gene cluster which can range from 20 kb to over 80 kb. In some configurations, one vector can comprise all the genes of a SM biosynthetic pathway.

[0042] The new FAC libraries were created using randomly sheared DNA and without restriction partial digestion, another milestone in the field, removing bias and thus improving the quality of the library. With the FAC libraries, the present inventor has successfully captured 263 of 271 intact SM gene clusters or pathways predicted from the 6 sequenced fungi as individual FAC clones (Table 1).

[0043] The present inventor has demonstrated that large vectors such as vectors comprising intact SM gene clusters can be shuttled into a fungal host for stable plasmid main-

tenance. In addition, heterologous expression in an *A. nidulans* host of large SM gene clusters that are at least 150 kb has been achieved. In some configurations, A vector of the present teachings can contain a full-length SM gene cluster that can be regulated by the regulatory elements of a fungal host.

[0044] In some aspects, a vector comprising an intact SM gene cluster (such as a vector comprising an insert of about 100 kb) can be modified by a Red/ET technique, for fungal functional SM study. The present teachings include methods for the precise modification of fungal intact SM gene clusters at any selected DNA sequence position. The methods can be used, for example and without limitation, for activating cryptic, silent and or low-expression SM gene clusters, characterizing a gene or genetic element within a fungal SM gene cluster, and natural product (NP) discovery. Examples of modifications of 55 SM gene clusters or pathways are listed in Table 2.

[0045] In some configurations, an antibiotic resistance gene (for example, but without limitation a resistance gene for kanamycin, ampicillin or carbenicillin, erythromycin, tetracycline, gentamicin sulfate, penicillin, streptomycin, spectromycin, or chloramphenicol), can be used to select bacterial colonies harboring a vector comprising a modified SM gene cluster. Such vectors can be grown in *E. coli* on LB media with antibiotics appropriate for the both the vector and RED/ET selection markers. In some aspects, a selected colony can be grown within one day.

[0046] In some configurations, the present teachings include a fusion PCR approach which combines a selectable marker (e.g. KanR or galK gene) and a promoter (such as, but without limitation, *gpdA*(p), *alcA*(p), *glaA*(p), or *pkiA*(A)) as one PCR product for modifying a SM gene cluster (e.g. FIGS. 4A-B and 5).

[0047] In some configurations, the present teachings include methods for expressing a toxic SM compound, without the need to coexpress a resistance gene that can transport a toxic SM compound out of the cell. These methods use a vector comprising an inducible strong promoter such as *alcA*(p). In these methods, cells are initially grown without an inducing agent. When the cells reach a sufficient density, an inducing agent is added, and the cells express the genes of a secondary metabolite pathway. This approach can be used for the production of a toxic SM compound.

[0048] In some configurations, vectors of the present teaching provide tools for assembling synthetic SM gene clusters in *A. nidulans* by fungal homologous recombination (FIG. 6). Individual genes (for example Gene1, Gene2, and Gene3, or more, total ~100 kb in size) can be either completely synthesized according to bioinformatics designs or cloned and fused with an inducible strong promoter (such as, but without limitation *alcA*(p)) and flanking homologous sequences (about 1 kb, H1, H2, H3, H4 and more). These genes and the cloning ready vectors (pFAC or pFACdual) containing the flanking homologous sequences of the synthetic SM gene cluster (e.g. H1, and H4) can be simultaneously transformed into *A. nidulans* to assemble the synthetic SM gene cluster by homologous recombination. Fungal selection markers such as *AfpyroA* and *AfriboB* (Szewczyk, E., et al., Nat. Protoc., 2006, 1, 3111-3120) can be used for the selection of a vector with a synthetic SM gene cluster. Unlike the previous genomic integration reported in the art (Szewczyk, E., et al., Nat. Protoc., 2006, 1, 3111-3120;

Chiang, Y. M., et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2013, 135, 7720-7731), a synthetic SM gene cluster-FAC of the present teachings can be isolated from *A. nidulans* and then shuttled back into *E. coli*. In some configurations, a FAC can be further modified, for example by adding regulatory elements or genes in *E. coli* or in vitro.

[0049] In some configurations, the present teachings include methods for assembly of novel synthetic SM gene clusters in *A. nidulans* by fungal homologous recombination (FIG. 6)

[0050] The present teachings disclose three types of vectors for the cloning of large inserts. These vectors can be used for replication and maintenance of large inserts as artificial chromosomes or for integration of large inserts into the host fungal genome. In various configurations, a plasmid that can be used as a fungal artificial chromosome can be a P1-based vector, a BAC-based vector, or a shuttle BAC vector that can be used to replicate large inserts in *E. coli* and fungal hosts.

[0051] In various configurations a vector of the present teachings can contain features for replication and maintenance of the plasmid in *E. coli*. A vector can comprise an origin of replication for *E. coli*, such as low-copy number origin, for example but without limitation an origin derived from an F plasmid. A low-copy number origin of replication can include, without limitation, an oriS. A vector can also comprise an origin of replication for *E. coli* that can be an inducible high-copy replication origin, such as, but without limitation, an oriV. A vector can also include an *E. coli* selection marker gene, such as a gene that confers resistance to an antibiotic such as, but without limitation: chloramphenicol, kanamycin, ampicillin or carbenicillin, erythromycin, tetracycline, gentamicin sulfate, penicillin, streptomycin, or spectromycin. In some configurations, a vector can also comprise at least one cloning site, which can be a multiple cloning site. In some aspects, a cloning site can comprise a pair of restriction sites wherein digestion with a restriction enzyme generates non-complementary single-stranded overhangs that can be ligated to specific linkers. Suitable enzymes include enzymes that can produce non-complementary single-stranded overhangs, such as non-palindromic overhangs such as overhangs resulting from digestion with an enzyme such as, without limitation, BstXI, BseYI, I-CeuI, I-SceI, PI-PspI, PI-SceI, AlwNI, BglI, BstII, BstAPI, DrdI, MwoI, PflMI, or SfiI. In some configurations, a second cloning site can comprise a pair restriction sites which flank the first cloning site enzyme cut sites wherein digestion with a second enzyme targeting these sites generates non-complementary single-stranded overhangs. Suitable enzymes include rare cutters that can create non-complementary single-stranded overhangs such as, but without limitation I-SceI, PI-PspI, and I-CeuI. Without being limited by theory, the combination of these two restriction enzyme site pairs can facilitate clean excision of the cloned large DNA fragment and exchange with other FAC plasmids, such as FAC integration plasmids. In various configurations, the high-copy number origin of replication can be regulated by a replication initiation protein that can be integrated into a host *E. coli* cell's genome on an inducible promoter, such as but without limitation an arabinose inducible promoter, a T5 promoter, a T7 promoter, a rhaBAD promoter or a β -galactosidase promoter. The replication initiation protein can be, for example and without limitation, TrfA.

[0052] In some configurations, a FAC vector can contain features for their replication in fungal cells. These include a fungal origin of replication, such as, but without limitation autonomous maintenance in *Aspergillus* (AMA1, SEQ ID NO: 8). A FAC vector can also contain a fungal selection marker gene, such as but without limitation, orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase gene (pyrG, originated from *A. parasiticus*, SEQ ID NO: 9 and SEQ ID NO: 10), ptrA, or trpC.

[0053] In some configurations, the present teachings include a FAC dual-function vector that can be maintained in *E. coli* as a fungal artificial chromosome, can be induced to integrate into the fungal genome, and can be used as a *E. coli*-fungus shuttle BAC vector. A dual function vector has the same features as a regular FAC vector as described supra, and an additional gene cassette: an attP site and an integrase gene, such as but without limitation a phi31 integrase gene, under the control of fungal inducible promoter, such as but without limitation, alcA promoter or glaA(p). In various configurations, the integrase gene can be codon optimized for fungal expression.

[0054] In various configuration, a FAC system of the present teachings can be used in a wide variety of fungi, such as and without limitation *Aspergillus aculeatus*, *A. terreus*, *A. wentii*, *Fusarium solani*, *Penicillium expansum*, *P. marneffeii*, *Neurospora crassa*, and fungi belonging to the phylum *Ascomycetes*.

Definitions

[0055] Various terms are used herein to refer to aspects of the present teachings. To aid in the clarification of description of the components of these teachings, the following definitions are included.

[0056] The term “fungus” as used herein refers to is any member of the group of eukaryotic organisms that includes unicellular microorganisms such as, without limitation, yeasts and molds, as well as multicellular fungi that produce familiar fruiting forms known as mushrooms. More particularly they are filamentous fungi or molds, such as, and without limitation. *Aspergillus aculeatus*, *A. terreus*, *A. wentii*, *Fusarium solani*, *Penicillium expansum*, and *P. marneffeii*.

[0057] “Secondary metabolite (SM)” as used herein refers to a chemical compound that is not involved in primary metabolism, and therefore differs from the more prevalent macromolecules such as proteins and nucleic acids. Thousands of SMs have been described from various eukaryotic organisms including fungi (Donadio, S., et al., Nat. Prod. Rep., 2007, 24, 1073-1109).

[0058] “SM gene cluster or pathway” as used herein refers to a set of biosynthetic genes that comprise polynucleotide sequences encoding the proteins, such as but without limitation an enzyme, required for synthesis and activity of a secondary metabolite. SM gene clusters or pathways implement the conversion of a starting compound, such as but without limitation a substrate, into a final compound or NP.

[0059] The term “intact or full-length SM gene cluster or pathway” used herein refers to a SM gene cluster or pathway contains a complete set of biosynthetic genes and regulatory elements. Each fungal genome may harbor 50 or more different intact SM gene clusters ranging from 20 to more than 100 kb in size (Nordberg, H. et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2014, 42 (Database issue), D26-31). Fungal SM clusters usually comprise one or more backbone gene(s) such as

polyketide synthases (PKSs), nonribosomal peptide synthetases (NRPSs), dimethylallyl tryptophan synthases (DMATs), and terpene cyclases (TCs), surrounded by genes for modifying enzymes including, but not limited to, oxidoreductases, oxygenases, dehydrogenases, reductases, and transferases (Keller, N. P. and Hohn, T. M., Fungal Genet. Biol. 1997, 21, 17-29; Walton, J. D., Fungal Genet. Biol., 2000, 30, 167-171).

[0060] “Regulatory element” as used herein refers to a nucleic acid sequence element that controls or influences the expression of a gene, such as a gene within a large polynucleotide insert from a gene cassette, genetic construct or a FAC vector. A regulatory element can be, for example and without limitation, a promoter, an enhancer, a transcription factor or control sequence, a translation control sequence, a temporal or tissue-specific regulatory element, a polyadenylation signal sequence, a 5' or 3' UTR, a repressor or a terminator. Regulatory elements can be homologous or heterologous to the large polynucleotide insert or intact SM gene cluster to be expressed from a FAC construct or vector as described herein. When a FAC vector as described herein is present in a cell such as a heterologous *A. nidulans* cell, a regulatory element can be naturally occurring, endogenous, exogenous, and/or engineered with respect to the cell.

[0061] “Compatible” as used herein refers to two nucleic acid ends may mean that the ends are either both blunt or contain complementary single strand overhangs, such as that created by mechanically shearing DNA followed by DNA end repair, DNA linker ligation, or after digestion with a restriction endonuclease. At least one of the ends may contain a 5' phosphate group, which can allow ligation of the ends by a double-stranded DNA ligase.

[0062] “BstXI Linker” (Klickstein, L. B. and Neve, R. L., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1991, 5.6.1-5.6.10) as used herein refers to two partially complementary strands of DNA that are annealed to one another to produce a double-strand DNA molecule with an overhang complementary to one end of the BstXI cutting sequences as above. An example of a BstXI linker for ligation of the blunt ends of large DNA fragments is the following:

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BstXI Linker Top                               (SEQ ID NO: 5)
5'-CTGGAAG-3'

BstXI Linker Bottom                             (SEQ ID NO: 6)
5'-CTTCCAGCACA-3'

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[0063] The blunt ends of the BstXI linker can be designed to be complementary to large DNA fragments. For example, the target large DNA fragments may be mechanically sheared DNA which is polished and made blunt by DNA end repairing enzyme mixture (Intact Genomics, St. Louis, Mo.). The blunt DNA can also be modified by non-template mediated addition of a single A nucleotide to each end of the target large DNA by Taq polymerase. In this case, the above linker can be modified with an additional single T nucleotide to the 3' of BstXI Linker Top strand.

[0064] “Shuttle bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) vector” means a BAC vector that can be used for the transfer and the maintenance of genetic information from one (or more) donor bacterial species or strain(s) to one or more host organism(s) or strain(s) or species.

[0065] “FAC vector” as used herein refers to a fungal artificial chromosome vector, or a shuttle BAC vector between *E. coli* and *A. nidulans*.

[0066] “Library” as used herein refers to a plurality of clones each comprising an insert sequence and a vector.

Methods

[0067] Methods and compositions described herein utilize laboratory techniques well known to skilled artisans, and can be found in laboratory manuals such as Sambrook, J., et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 3rd ed. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 2001; Spector, D. L. et al., Cells: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1998; Nagy, A., Manipulating the Mouse Embryo: A Laboratory Manual (Third Edition), Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 2003 and Harlow, E., Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1999. As used in the present description and any appended claims, the singular forms “a”, “an” and “the” are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context indicates otherwise.

[0068] The following materials and methods are also used in various aspects of the present teachings.

[0069] The present teachings provide for the preparation of ultra-high quality of high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA from a fungus and the generation of an unbiased large insert FAC library by randomly shearing with average insert size 100 kb or larger. The large DNA population of a library includes not only fragments of all biosynthetic loci in the fungal genome with minimal bias, but also each DNA molecule is large enough (100 kb or larger) to cover at least one of the intact SM gene clusters.

[0070] High molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA can be derived from any cultured, isolated, purified or mixed fungi, including fungi with published genome sequences. The HMW genomic DNA can be prepared directly from a population of uncultured fungi in their natural habitat, environment, or biomass without the need of fungal isolation and cultivation.

[0071] The techniques of HMW genomic DNA preparation for BAC cloning have been documented (Wu, C. C., et al, Encyclopedia of Molecular Cell Biology and Molecular Medicine Volume 3 (2nd Edition), Edited by Meyers R. A., Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH: Weinheim, Germany 2004, pp 385-425; Zhang, M., et al., Nat. Protoc., 2012, 7: 467-478). In some configurations, HMW genomic DNA can include intact chromosomes or can be megabases in size.

[0072] For preparation of HMW genomic DNA, fungal cells, such as, but without limitation, spores, germinated spores, protoplasts, or nuclei can be collected and directly embedded in low-melting agarose plugs. The low-melt agarose plugs can be from about 0.4% to about 1% in concentration and can have a final concentration of about 0.5%. HMW genomic DNA can be purified by treatment with lauryl sarcosine and proteinase K in 0.5 M EDTA, pH 9.0. HMW genomic DNA can be prepared by preparing fungal protoplasts (Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Methods Mol. Biol., 2012, 944, 163-174) and then embedding the fungal protoplasts in low melt agarose plugs.

[0073] HMW genomic DNA can be used to generate unbiased large insert recombinant DNA libraries to cover large intact SM gene clusters wherein one clone contains an intact SM gene cluster or pathway. The present teachings

provide for preparation of liquid HMW genomic DNA by either electroelution or Gelase digestion of the agarose DNA plugs. The liquid HMW genomic DNA can then be mechanically sheared by hydroshearing, repeated pipetting, low-speed vortexing or a combination thereof. Conditions for a given fungal genome can be determined by running sheared HMW genomic DNA on a CHEFF gel with the size range of about 100 kb to about 300 kb.

[0074] The *E. coli*-fungal shuttle BAC vectors or FAC (FIG. 1) vectors disclosed herein (see Example 1) can be used for BAC/FAC library construction with average inserts 100 kb or larger. The present inventor has demonstrated that the large-insert FACs (at least 150 kb) can be shuttled into the heterologous *A. nidulan* host for stable maintenance and NP discovery (FIG. 3, Bok, J. W., et al., BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 343).

Random Shear BAC Cloning Method for Construction of Unbiased FAC Libraries.

[0075] HMW genomic DNA was sheared as described in Methods. To 400 μ l of sheared HMW genomic DNA (100–300 kb), 5 μ l of DNA end repairing enzyme mixture (Intact Genomics, St. Louis Mo.), 100 μ l of 5 $\times$ DNA end repairing buffer to a total of 500 μ l. The sample is mixed well by gently pipetting with a wide-bore tip and the reaction is incubated at room temperature for 30 min. The DNA end repairing enzymes are heat killed by incubating the large DNA end repair reaction at 70° C. for 15 min. 20 μ l each of 100 μ M BstXI linker TOP and Bottom (10^6 – 10^7 -fold more molar rate excess linkers than the large DNA molecules), 61 μ l of 10 $\times$ T4 ligation buffer with ATP and 10 μ l of large DNA T4 ligase (intactgenomics) are added immediately and then the reaction is mixed well by gently pipetting with a wide-bored tip. The linker ligation reaction is set at room temperature for 3–8 hours. The linker-ligated large DNA fragments are fractionated and excess BstXI linkers are removed by 1% agarose CHEFF gel electrophoresis at 0.5 $\times$ TBE, 6V/cm, 90 s/90 s for 16 hours and 4V/cm, 5 s/5 s for additional 8 hours. Lambda DNA ladder marker (Intact Genomics) is used as a control to recover 100–150, 150–210, 210–300 kb large DNA fractions as gel slices, and then the gel slices are placed into dialysis tubes and the DNA is electreluted, and then the purified linker-ligated large DNA fragments are dialyzed against 100 ml of ice-cold and autoclaved ultra-pure water at least 3 times, for one hour each. The cloning-ready BstXI-FAC vectors (20 ng/ μ l, Intact Genomics) are mixed with the gel-purified BstXI-linker ligated DNA (2–3 ng/ μ l) at 1:3 molar rate, and the ligation reaction is set at 16° C. for overnight. For example, 200 μ l large DNA (3 ng/ μ l) is mixed with 10 μ l of the FAC vector (20 ng/ μ l), 60 μ l of 5 $\times$ T4 ligation buffer, 30 μ l of BAC cloning T4 ligase (intactgenomics), ligation reaction is set at 16° C. for overnight, preferably 12–18 hours.

Large-Insert FAC Library Construction.

[0076] The large DNA fragments of the library are cloned into FAC vector(s) and serve as a screening library for covering the fungal SM gene clusters or pathways in *E. coli*. Preferably, the large-insert FAC library has average insert size 100 kb or larger, therefore it is sufficient to contain at least one intact SM gene cluster in an individual FAC clone. Furthermore, the large-insert FAC library is unbiased and a FAC library with only 10 $\times$, or even 5 $\times$ genome coverage can

be enough to capture an entire set of intact SM gene clusters from a sequenced fungal genome or a fungal sample. Using the methods described herein, the inventor can capture a complete set of intact SM gene clusters with 4–5 384-well plates of FAC clones (average about 100 kb, 4–5 $\times$ genome coverage) from all 6 fungi studied (Table 1; Bok, J. W., et al., BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 343).

[0077] Because the FAC system is a shuttle BAC system, vectors of the present teachings can be in the BAC/fosmid library screening techniques known in the art. To identify intact SM gene cluster-containing FAC clones, sequence-based approaches can be used for FAC library screening such as PCR or colony hybridization (Zhang, H. B. and Wu, C. C., Plant Physiol. Biochem., 2001, 39, 1–15; Kang, H. S. and Brady, S. F., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 2013, 52, 11063–11067). One application of sequence-based approaches involves the design of DNA probes or primers which are derived from conserved regions of already known genes or protein families, for example but without limitation, pooled FAC DNAs from each arrayed library are screened using degenerate primers designed to amplify the conserved domains/regions of PKS or NRPS (Kang, H. S. and Brady, S. F., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 2013, 52, 11063–11067). Positive FAC clones can be recovered from libraries by PCR screening of the respective pools, followed by screening of their plates, columns, and rows from which they are identified. Another sequence based approach is to use high throughput next generation sequencing of pooled FAC libraries by plate-column-row with multiplex barcodes. This strategy will reduce sequence complexity from whole fungal genomes into FAC pool-level (plate-column-row), therefore enabling the complete assembly of pooled FAC clones (each 100 kb or larger). The intact SM gene clusters will be identified by annotation of completely sequenced and assembled FAC clones. The individual SM gene cluster-containing FAC clones will then be de-convoluted by barcodes and plate-column-row coordinates. The advantage of these sequence-based approaches is to identify SM gene clusters and their FACs from fungi without the precondition of genome sequence or even metagenomes of unculturable fungal community. In the present teachings, another sequence-based approach is used to sequence the FAC clone ends by the traditional Sanger sequencing method, then identify the entire set of intact SM gene cluster-containing FACs by aligning the FAC end sequences onto the fungal reference genome sequences. Similarly a next-generation sequence method may be used for this purpose with FAC DNA pooling and barcoding to reduce the sequencing cost.

Microbial Strains and Culture Conditions

[0078] The parental strain RJW256 (pyrG89, pyroA4, Δ ku70::argB, Δ ST::afpyrG, veA1) was obtained by a sexual cross between LO4641 (riboB2, pyroA4, Δ ST::AfpyrG, Δ AN7909::afpyrG, Δ ku70::argB, veA1) and RJW113.5 (Δ veA::argB, pyrG89). RJW256 was transformed with FAC plasmids to produce FAC recombinant strains. Δ ST::AfpyrG indicates that the entire endogenous sterigmatocystin gene cluster was removed from *A. nidulans*.

[0079] For antimicrobial activity tests, we used *A. nidulans* RDIT9.32, *A. fumigatus* 293, *Candida albicans*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1, *Bacillus cerceus* U85, and *Micrococcus luteus* strains. All of the fungal and bacterial strains were maintained as frozen glycerol stocks at –80° C.

Fungal strains were grown at 37° C. on glucose minimal medium (GMM, Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Eukaryot. Cell, 2004, 3, 527-535) and bacterial strains were cultured on tryptic soy broth medium.

A. nidulans Transformation and the Recovery of SM Cluster-Containing FACs

[0080] A modified PEG-calcium based transformation method was applied to improve transformation. The described method (Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Eukaryot. Cell, 2004, 3, 527-535) was modified as follows: 200 μ L containing 107 *A. nidulans* RJW256 protoplasts mixed with 2 μ g FAC DNA were gently placed over 200 μ L of 30% PEG 4,000 with 50 mM CaCl_2 in a 1.5 mL centrifuge tube. The centrifuge tube with protoplasts was incubated 30 min on ice. After centrifuging the incubated mixture for 5 min at 250 $\times$ g, the solution was gently mixed using an autopipette. This mixture was then incubated for 10 minutes at room temperature before 1 mL of sorbitol-Tris-HCl— CaCl_2 (STC: 1.2M sorbitol, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM CaCl_2 pH7.5) buffer was added and gently mixed into the solution. After transferring the mixture into a 13 mL tube, an additional 5 mL of STC was added into the tube and gently mixed. One mL of this final solution was distributed onto regeneration media to obtain transformants.

[0081] *A. nidulans* FAC transformants were maintained on culture plates for three generations for phenotype and chemical screening. For FAC recovery, we prepared ~0.3 mL of 106/mL protoplasts from *A. nidulans* FAC strains and FAC DNA was isolated by the common alkali lysis method, and resuspended in 10 μ L of TE. One microliter of recovered DNA was re-transformed back into *E. coli* cells (BAC cells, Intact Genomics).

Fungal Genomic DNA Extraction

[0082] Fungal DNA was extracted from lyophilized mycelia using previously described techniques (Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Methods Mol. Biol., 2012, 944, 163-174) to perform PCR reaction.

Antimicrobial Screening

[0083] A disc-diffusion method (Bauer 1966) was used for antibiotic activity-guided screening. One plate of each *A. nidulans* FAC strain was inoculated on solid GMM and incubated for seven days at 37° C. Subsequently, the entire contents of the plates were collected and lyophilized for 48 hours. Samples were then pulverized with mortar and pestle prior to the addition of 10 mL of methanol. Air-dried methanol extracts were dissolved in 150 μ L methanol for activity testing. Media preparation for antibacterial assays were performed as previously described (Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Eukaryot. Cell, 2004, 3, 527-535). For antifungal assays, 106 spores mentioned in the section above were embedded in 5 mL soft GMM agar (0.75% agar) and overlaid on solid GMM. 10 μ L out of the 150 μ L methanol extract above was loaded on a 1 cm diameter paper disc for each assay. Assay plates were incubated for 24 to 48 hour at 37° C. and observed for antimicrobial activity.

LC-HRMS Analysis

[0084] Five plates of *A. nidulans* FAC strain, for example and without limitation, AtFAC6J7 were inoculated on solid GMM and incubated for seven days at 37° C. Subsequently, the entire contents of the plates were collected and

lyophilized for 48 hours. Samples were then pulverized with mortar and pestle prior to the addition of 10 mL of methanol. Air-dried methanol extracts were then further extracted with organic solvent (chloroform:methanol:ethylacetate=8:1:1). Organic extracts were evaporated to dryness and stored at -20° C. until analysis.

[0085] Organic extracts obtained were resuspended in methanol to a final concentration of 2 μ g/ μ L. For each analysis, 40 μ g of sample was loaded onto a LUNA® C18 column (150 mm $\times$ 2 mm; 3 μ m particle size) (Phenomenex, Torrance, Calif.). Chromatography was performed using an AGILENT® 1150 LC system (Agilent, Santa Clara, Calif.) at a flow rate of 200 μ L/min. The following gradient was employed (Buffer A: water with 0.1% formic acid. Buffer B: acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid): time 0 min, 2% B; 35 min, 70% B; 54 min, 98% B. A 1:7 split was employed post-column, resulting in a flow rate of 25 μ L/min being directed to the mass spectrometer. A Q-EXACTIVE™ mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Waltham, Mass.) was used for MS analysis with the following settings: capillary temperature 275° C., sheath gas 4 (arbitrary units), spray voltage 4.2 kV. Full MS spectra were acquired at 35,000 resolution for the mass range m/z 200 to 1500 for all samples. Following each full MS scan, the top 5 most intense ions were selected for a dependent MS2 scan. MS2 was conducted using higher-energy collisional dissociation (HCD) with a normalized collision energy of 30%. Three biological replicates of AtFAC6J7 extracts were prepared and analyzed in technical duplicate, followed by the data workup described below.

Data Analysis, Informatics, and Software

[0086] The SIEVE software suite (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Waltham, Mass.) was used for component detection and relative quantification of ions produced by electrospray during small molecule LC-HRMS. Component detection was performed using a mass tolerance of 10 part-per-million (ppm) and a retention time window of 2.5 min. A minimum intensity of 5×10^6 was selected as the threshold for defining a peak as a component. For each component, a selected ion chromatogram was created and the integrated intensity of the peak was calculated. Peak areas were normalized based on total ion current. To increase statistical power and confidence of the final analysis, the procedure adopted here involved a decoy approach to multiple hypothesis testing. Specifically, the replicate data AtFAC6J7 was subjected to a uniqueness filter against processed LC-HRMS data generated from a control group of strains containing empty vectors, as well as 13 other strains containing a variety of other FACs with unique genetic content. For dereplication, all components were initially searched against a targeted accurate mass database consisting of known fungal metabolites produced by *A. nidulans* using a mass tolerance of 3 ppm. A dozen of these known compounds were present at consistent levels in nearly all samples, and were monitored to rapidly identify highly perturbed systems. All components were also searched against a comprehensive accurate mass database consisting of over 13,000 known fungal secondary metabolites. This fungal database was prepared using Antibase (2011), Dictionary of Natural Products (2013), as well as additional fungal natural products found in the literature (Caboche et al. 2008; Andersen et al. 2013).

Vector General Descriptions

[0087] The BstXI Linker overhang is not complementary to itself, nor is the BstXI-cut vector (above). Upon ligation of the linker-ligated large DNA fragments and vector, the preferred ligation reaction product can be a circle containing one vector joined to one large DNA fragment via a single adapter at each end. This molecule may be transformed into host cells to produce a clone.

EXAMPLES

[0088] The present teachings including descriptions provided in the Examples that are not intended to limit the scope of any claim or aspect. Unless specifically presented in the past tense, an example can be a prophetic or an actual example. The following non-limiting examples are provided to further illustrate the present teachings. Those of skill in the art, in light of the present disclosure, will appreciate that many changes can be made in the specific embodiments that are disclosed and still obtain a like or similar result without departing from the spirit and scope of the present teachings.

Example 1

[0089] This example describes pFAC plasmid, a vector of the present teachings that maintains extra-chromosomes in *A. nidulans*.

[0090] In the present teachings, a FAC vector (pFAC, FIG. 1A, SEQ ID NO: 7) is a BAC-based shuttle vector that can shuttle large DNA between *E. coli* and *A. nidulans* hosts. Several features are required for maintaining the plasmid in *E. coli*, including two *E. coli* origins of replication: oriS and oriV. The first replication origin, oriS, is derived from a low-copy F plasmid for BAC-based large DNA cloning and library construction. The second replication origin, oriV, is an inducible high-copy replication origin oriV, which can produce higher yield of large inserts when grown in *E. coli* containing a TrfA gene under the control of an arabinose promoter when they are grown on arabinose containing media. pFAC also contains a chloramphenicol-resistance gene (cat) for plasmid selection. For cloning purposes, the plasmid contains a large DNA cloning site comprising pair of BstXI sites designed next to each other in opposite orientations. When digested with BstXI, this configuration produces a pair of identical BstXI overhangs, that are not self-complimentary, but are complimentary to unique BstXI linkers. Therefore, the digested vector will not religate itself, nor will the linkers concatamerize easily. Two 1-SceI homing restriction sites were inserted flanking the BstXI cloning site in reverse orientations. These sites facilitate clean excision of the cloned large DNA fragment and exchange with pFACint cloning vector (see example 2).

[0091] pFAC also contains features required for use in *A. nidulans*. These include a third replication origin, AMA1, the autonomous maintenance in *Aspergillus* (AMA1, SEQ ID NO: 8). This sequence is required for maintaining large intact SM pathways as extra-chromosomal elements, or FACs. pFAC also contains a fungal selection marker gene, the orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase gene (pyrG from *A. parasiticus*, SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10).

Example 2

[0092] This example describes pFACint, a FAC integration vector.

[0093] FAC integration vector (pFACint, FIG. B, SEQ ID NO: 11) is a BAC-based shuttle BAC vector that can shuttle large DNA between *E. coli* and *A. nidulans* hosts. Several features are required for maintaining the plasmid in *E. coli*, including two *E. coli* origins of replication: oriS and oriV. The first replication origin, oriS, is derived from a low-copy F plasmid for BAC-based large DNA cloning and library construction. The second replication origin, oriV, is an inducible high-copy replication origin oriV, which can produce higher yield of large inserts when grown in *E. coli* containing a TrfA gene under the control of an arabinose promoter when they are grown on arabinose containing media. pFACint carries kanamycin-resistance gene (kan) as a selection marker gene, or cloning purposes, the plasmid contains a large DNA cloning site comprising pair of BstXI sites designed next to each other in opposite orientations. When digested with BstXI, this configuration produces a pair of identical BstXI overhangs, that are not self-complimentary, but are complimentary to unique BstXI linkers. Therefore, the digested vector will not religate itself, nor will the linkers concatamerize easily. Two 1-SceI homing restriction sites were inserted flanking the BstXI cloning site in reverse orientations. These sites facilitate clean excision of the cloned large DNA fragment and exchange with pFAC cloning vector. The I-Sce-I homing restriction sites also facilitate clean excision of the large intact SM gene pathways from the genomic integration site of the heterologous host *A. nidulans*.

[0094] pFACint also contains features integrating the plasmid into the *A. nidulans* genome: 1,000-bp 3'trpC (SEQ ID NO: 12) and 1,007-bp 5'trpC (SEQ ID NO: 13) homologous sequences, which were inserted flanking the I-Sce I restriction sites in the same orientations, thus enabling fungal site-specific integration of large pFACint clones into the *A. nidulans* trpC gene, which encodes a polypeptide homologous to polyketide. The plasmid also contains a fungal selection marker gene, the orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase gene (pyrG, from *A. parasiticus*).

Example 3

[0095] This example describes the vector pFACdual.

pFACdual plasmid, which also substantially corresponds pFAC plasmid except that it includes an additional gene cassette: an attP site and a fungal codon-optimized phi31 integrase gene under the control of fungal inducible promoter, such as alcA(p). Therefore, the large DNA pFACdual clones are usually maintaining as FAC and also be able integrated into the fungal genome with an attB site whenever it is needed.

[0096] pFACdual vector is a fungal dual-function vector (pFACdual, FIG. 1C, SEQ ID NO: 14), and can act as both a fungal artificial chromosome and an inducible fungal genomic integration vector, or it can be used as an *E. coli*-*A. nidulans* shuttle BAC vector. pFACdual has similar features as pFAC (see Example 1), but pFAC dual has an additional gene cassette: an attP site and a fungal codon-optimized phi31 integrase gene (SEQ II) NO: 16 and SEQ ID NO: 17) under the control of the inducible alcA fungal promoter (alcA(p), SEQ ID NO: 15). Therefore, the large DNA

pFACdual clones are usually maintained as a FAC but can be induced to integrated into the fungal genome with an attB site.

Example 4

[0097] This example illustrates the preparation of high molecular weight *A. wentii* DNA.

[0098] *Aspergillus wentii* strain DTO 134E9 was used as a proof of concept. Different fungal species/strain starting materials were compared to test for quality of high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA: spores, germinated spores, protoplasts, or nuclei obtained from protoplasts. The protoplast preparation method was performed as previously described (Bok, J. W. and Keller, N. P., Eukaryot. Cell, 2004, 3: 527-535). To isolate nuclei, protoplasts were lysed with 0.5% Triton X-100 in HMW DNA preparation buffer (0.5 M Sucrose, 80 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris, 10 mM EDTA, 1 mM spermidine, 1 mM spermine, pH 9.4). The protoplasts in buffer were gently mixed, incubated on ice for 30 minutes, and the resulting nuclei pelleted at 1,800×g for 20 minutes. To prepare low melting agarose plugs of HMW DNA, the pellet (~5×10⁸)—of nuclei, protoplasts, germinated spores, or spores—was resuspended with the HMW DNA preparation buffer to a total volume of 0.6 mL, and an equal volume of 1% low melting agarose was then added to the buffer to a total volume of 1.2 mL at 45° C. This was sufficient to make 10 plugs (about 100 µL per plug) which solidified at 4° C. The plugs were then incubated at 50° C. for 48 hours in 1 mL lysis buffer/plug: 0.5 M EDTA, pH 9.0, 1% lauryl sarcosine, 1 mg/mL proteinase K. Finally, the plugs were extensively washed in 10-20 volumes of the following buffers for one hour for each wash: once with buffer 1 (0.5 M EDTA, pH 9.0-9.3 at 50° C.), once with buffer 2 (0.05 M EDTA, pH 8.0 on ice), three times with buffer 3 (ice cold TE plus 0.1 mM phenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) on ice), three times with buffer 4 (ice cold 11 on ice) and finally all plugs were stored in TE at 4° C. In order to estimate the size and yield of the extracted DNA, plugs were assessed using pulsed field gel electrophoresis (PFGE) (Bio-Rad CHEF Mapper, Hercules, Calif.). The final quality check conditions for the HMW genomic DNA were 6 V/cm, 10 sec to 1 min switch time for 12-16 hours at 14° C. by PFGE, along with appropriate HMW size markers (Zhang, M. et al., Nat. Protoc., 2012, 7, 467-478). The highest quality and quantity of HMW genomic DNA was obtained from the protoplast preparation (FIG. 2A). FIG. 2A shows a CHEF gel that contains *A. wentii* HMW genomic DNA ranging from greater than 50 kb but mainly Mb sizes of DNA fragments.

Example 5

[0099] This example illustrates the construction of unbiased shuttle BAC library of *A. wentii* DNA.

[0100] The HMW genomic DNA obtained from the protoplast preparation in Example 2 ranged from 50~>1,000 kb (mainly megabase sized fragments). The HMW DNA from three plugs was end-repaired with the DNA end repair enzyme kit (Intact Genomics) in a total volume of 500 µL with 10 µL of the end repair enzymes which were then heat inactivated (70° C., 15 min). The resulting DNA was ligated with BstXI adaptors (10 µL of 100 µM each) and 10 µL ligase (2 U/µL, Intact Genomics) in a total volume of 700 µL. Gel-fractionated DNA fragments ranging from 100 to

200 kb were purified by PFGE. Purified large DNA fragments (about 100 µL 1-3 ng/µL) were ligated into the cloning ready BAC BstXI shuttle vector (pFAC) at 16° C. for ~18 hours. Next, the ligated DNA mixture was electroporated into electroporation competent *E. coli* cells (BAC cells, Intact Genomics). Small-scale ligations and transformations (1 µL DNA per 20 µL cells) were used to judge the cloning efficiency. The insert sizes of about 50 BAC clones were determined and confirmed to include inserts of about 100 kb using CHEF gel electrophoresis and NotI digestion of random selected BAC clones in pFAC vector. FIG. 2B illustrates that the average insert size was estimated at ~100 kb (M, Lambda ladder Marker). Once the suitability of the ligated DNA was confirmed, large-scale ligations and transformations were conducted to achieve at least 7,680 clones for colony picking (20×384-well plates) for the unbiased shuttle BAC library.

Example 6

[0101] This example illustrates BAC/FAC end sequencing, and select SM cluster-containing candidate FAC clones.

[0102] BAC-end sequences of 1,536 clones from the unbiased Random Shear FAC library of *A. wentii* were completed by the Sanger BigDye sequencing method. The software Phred was used for base calling and sequence trimming. Vector masking was achieved using the DNASTar SeqMan Pro software package. The BAC end sequences were aligned against the *A. wentii* reference genome sequence by BLAST Assembled Genomes (NCBI). All 47 SM clusters-containing candidate FAC clones were successfully identified based on the FAC end sequence flanking one end of a SM cluster and the other FAC end sequence flanking the other end of the same SM cluster.

Example 7

[0103] This example illustrates construction of unbiased shuttle BAC library of *A. wentii* DNA and heterologous expression of SM clusters as FACs in *A. nidulans*.

[0104] *A. wentii* was used as an example for shuttle BAC DNA library construction, and it has a fully sequenced genome containing 47 annotated SM gene clusters (Cerreira, G. C., et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2013, 42 (Database issue), D705-D710). High molecular weight genomic DNA was prepared from *A. wentii* (see Example 4) and construction of the unbiased FAC library (see Example 5) resulted in ~20× genome coverage of the *A. wentii* genome, or a total of 7,680 FAC clones with an average insert size of 100 kb (FIG. 2A-B). The FAC library was arrayed into 384-well plates and both ends of 1,536 FAC clones were sequenced. Sequence alignment of these end sequences with the *A. wentii* reference genome was used to identify SM-BAC clones or candidate FACs containing all 47 SM gene clusters (Table 1). In addition, at least 10 of 56 SM clusters of *A. terreus* are located near telomeres and some telomeric sequences are still not complete in the whole genome sequence database. These data illustrate that these methods successfully overcome the potential bias against telomeric sequences in conventional BAC library construction through the introduction of randomly sheared genomic DNA into the FAC vectors.

Example 8

[0105] This example illustrates the validation of shuttle functions of FACs.

[0106] To date hundreds of FACs (ranging from 70 to 150 kb in size) were used for heterologous expression and analysis through transformation into *A. nidulans*. To validate the shuttle function of FACs, we also extracted five of the 15 FAC DNAs from transformed *A. nidulans* strains and successfully transformed FAC DNA back into *E. coli* (FIG. 3). *A. nidulans* was transformed with different FAC clones as determined by return of prototrophy on medium without uracil and uridine. Forty or more colonies of *E. coli* each were then assessed from the recovery of the FACs in FIG. 3A-C respectively. The results show the recovery of FAC examples from all 3 *A. nidulans* transformants: AtFAC903 (~100 kb), AtFAC9A23 (~80 kb), and AtFAC7A10 (~90 kb) respectively. The 2nd and 3rd (D) lane(s) on the left hand side of the gels is the control FAC used to transform *A. nidulans*. All recovered FACs were digested with NotI, there is no obvious large mutation observed. M, Lambda ladder Marker. This was the first demonstration of the capability of AMA1 in supporting autonomous replication (FAC) of large DNA constructs at least 150 kb in *A. nidulans*. The present inventor and his collaborators the first to demonstrate that the FAC system allows for extrachromosomal replication of at least 150 kb in *A. nidulans* (Bok, J. W., et al. BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 343).

Example 9

[0107] This example illustrates LC-HRMS linked FAC SM discovery.

[0108] For the initial identification and structure elucidation of SM compounds through FACs, *A. nidulans* AtFAC9D19 strain samples were prepared as described in the Methods section. *A. nidulans* AtFAC9D19 was found to produce the insecticide compounds: alantrypinone, serantrypinone, alantrypinene B, alantryleunone. *A. nidulans* AtFAC6J7 strain was also selected for initial proof-of-concept experiments, as it contained a cluster highly homologous to the recently characterized hexadehydroastechrome cluster in *A. fumigatus* (Yin, W. B., et al., ACS Synth. Biol., 2013, 2, 629-634.). AtFAC6J7 contains seven out of the eight genes found in the corresponding *A. fumigatus* cluster. The gene not present in this *A. terreus* cluster, hasG, encodes for an FAD binding protein responsible for converting a prenyl to a methylbutadienyl side chain to produce hexadehydroastechrome from astechrome. AtFAC6J7 metabolites were identified by analyzing organic extracts of the *A. nidulans* AtFAC6J7 transformant and control *A. nidulans* using LC-HRMS. Following data acquisition, Sieve software was used for component detection and relative quantitation (see Methods). When comparing AtFAC6J7 extracts to control sample extracts (wild type and other FAC strains), a compound that was present only in the AtFAC6J7 extract was identified as terezine D by both accurate mass (0.3 part-per-million error) and tandem mass spectrometry (MS/MS or MS2). Terezine D is a stable intermediate of astechrome biosynthesis (Watanabe, T., et al., Bioorg. Med. Chem., 2009, 17, 94-111; Bok, J. W., et al. BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 343).

Example 10

[0109] This example illustrates an antibiotic activity test against FAC clones.

[0110] An antibiotic activity test was performed 14 FAC clones. Ten µl out of 150 µl methanol extract from FAC transformants cultured on GMM plate for 7 days at 37° C. were loaded on small disc (diameter: 1 cm) for antimicrobial activity test against *Aspergillus* spp., *Candida albicans*, *Bacillus cereus*, *Micrococcus luteus* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Antibiotic activity was observed against *Bacillus cereus* with two FAC extracts (Bok, J. W., et al. BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 343).

Example 11

[0111] This example illustrates FAC recombineering and activating silent SM gene clusters.

[0112] Red/ET tools were used to elucidate the biosynthesis of benzomalvins from *A. terreus* FAC AtFAC9J20. Two smaller-size constructs (33.372 kb AtFAC9J20Δ#1 and 68.988 kb AtFAC9J20Δ#2) were created from the FAC clone AtFAC9J20 (102.715 kb) using the NIH BAC recombineering tool with the Red/ET homologous recombination. We also deleted 5 genes (AtFAC9J20ΔMtase, AtFAC9J20ΔNRPS1, AtFAC9J20ΔNRPS2, AtFAC9J20ΔNRPS3, and AtFAC9J20ΔPKS) in the benzomalvin cluster to obtain 5 additional FAC mutation constructs that helped to precisely elucidate biosynthetic pathway benzomalvin efficiently and effectively.

[0113] To activate a weakly expressed SM gene cluster in FAC AtFAC7O19, we have successfully inserted the fungal strong promoter *gpdAp* in front of the start codon 'ATG' of the transcription factor (TF) gene in this cluster. FAC recombineering was performed as a two step process. The inventor inserted the *galK* gene and selected Gal+ colonies on minimal media plus chloramphenicol and galactose and then replaced *galK* with the *gpdA* promoter by counter-selecting *galK*- colonies on minimal media plus chloramphenicol, 2-deoxy-galactose, and glycerol. Eight out of eight trials produced FAC mutation constructs.

[0114] Fusion PCR was performed (FIG. 4A) to combine the selectable marker (e.g. KanR or *galK* gene) and a promoter (*gpdA(p)* or any genetic element) as one PCR product for FAC recombineering. The strong fungal promoter *gpdAp* was inserted in front of the ATG start codon of SM cluster genes in FAC AtFAC7O19 with a kanamycin resistance gene. The Fusion PCR reactions are shown schematically in FIG. 4A (H1 and H2, homology sequences 1 and 2, respectively; cat, chloramphenicol acetyl transferase gene; FAC, origins of replication). For construction of the fusion PCR product of Kan gene and *gpdA* promoter, the primers used were: 38TF-Kan-leftendF (5'-TGGGACTTTGTCGCTCACGATTCGCCGAGTTGTATGGGCTGAC-CAGTGACgacctgc agcctgtga-3', SEQ ID NO: 1) and Kan-leftendR (5'-GGTGTCCCCAAGCCTTGGATCGTC-CGTCGAGGCTGATCAGCGAgctc-3', SEQ ID NO: 2); *gpdA*-rightendF (5'-TCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACGGATC-CAAGGCTIGGGGCACCTgcgtt-3', SEQ ID NO: 3) and 38TF-*gpdA*-rightendR (5'-TCCTCATGAATTAGATGGT-TAGATGGACCTACCATCAGGATAGGTTCCATgtgtgatctgtcctcaagcggg-3', SEQ ID NO: 4). The result of the one-step targeting event is the insertion of constitutively active Kan-resistance gene next to *gpdAp* into a defined position on the FAC by selection on LB media with kanamycin and

chloramphenicol for the maintenance of the engineered FAC. The fusion PCR insertions were confirmed with PCR followed by NotI restriction analysis of FAC DNA from 7 clones after the insertion of the kan-gpdAp selection cassette, as shown in the gels in FIG. 4B. The first lane is unmodified FAC AtFAC7019 DNA, which was included as a control. All tested clones show the same pattern, had the intended insertion but no obvious mutation on the pulse field gel. M, Lambda ladder Marker. The bacteria are now phenotypically Kan+.

[0115] An example of recombineering using the modified RED/ET tools includes the deletion of 5 genes of AtFAC9J20 individually with the galK selection cassette. FIG. 5 shows the NotI restriction analysis of FAC miniprep DNA from 4 clones each were confirmed by PCR (M, Lambda ladder Marker). The second to last lane contains unmodified AtFAC9J20 DNA, which was included as a control. AtFAC9J20 contains 2 SM gene clusters. The five genes, all members of the same cluster, are 1.239-kb Mtase (dimethylallyltryptophan N-methyltransferase) gene, 3.334-kb NRPS1, 7.284-kb NRPS2, 7.815-kb NRPS3, and 7.741-kb PKS genes. Each set of 4 tested clones show the same pattern, and therefore had the intended deletion. No obvious mutations were detected by PCR, sequencing, or on the pulse field gel.

[0116] All engineered FACs were successfully transformed back into the *A. nidulans* host strain. Initially, heterologous expression of the intact FAC AtFAC9J20 identified a group of methylated NRPS products, which we successfully identified as belonging to benzomalvins family (benzomalvin A and benzomalvin E). Benzomalvin A is an indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase (IDO) inhibitor with the potential of immune-therapy for cancer. With current FAC recombineering, we then observed a parallel 10,000-fold drop in signal of the NRPS products in the gene deletion mutants AtFAC9J20ΔNRPS1 and AtFAC9J20ΔNRPS2, which supports that these two NRPS are involved in the biosynthesis directly. We also observed accumulation of the expected biosynthetic precursors in our deletion mutants. In addition, accumulation of unmethylated intermediates in AtFAC9J20ΔMtase demonstrates identification of the methyl-transferase responsible for NRPS tailoring. In conclusion, we have established the biosynthesis of a known NRPS that has long eluded the field using the FAC technology and FAC deletants. These deletants not only allow us to see loss of their corresponding gene products, but also accumulation of biosynthetic precursors.

[0117] All cited references are incorporated by reference, each in its entirety. Applicant reserves the right to challenge any conclusions presented by the authors of any reference.

TABLE 1

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>A. wentii</i>	1	4O2	2:748867-861001	112,134
<i>A. wentii</i>	2	1K8	4:96694-210549	113,855
<i>A. wentii</i>	3	2F10	10:572788-655030	82,242
<i>A. wentii</i>	4	4E11	1:2038648-2143968	105,320
<i>A. wentii</i>	5	4L5	2:1829642-1920197	90,555
<i>A. wentii</i>	6	2P3	4:186740-312513	125,773
<i>A. wentii</i>	7	4I20	4:3165620-3255977	90,357

TABLE 1-continued

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>A. wentii</i>	8	4D17	5:2466262-2562334	96,072
<i>A. wentii</i>	9	1H10	7:734062-839729	105,667
<i>A. wentii</i>	10	4D8	7:2270034-2350260	80,226
<i>A. wentii</i>	11	3M17	10:471140-562395	91,255
<i>A. wentii</i>	12	3A1	1:4161567-4254009	92,442
<i>A. wentii</i>	13	3D18	7:2189142-2288310	99,168
<i>A. wentii</i>	14	1C3	10:204841-294656	89,815
<i>A. wentii</i>	15	4A4	10:626528-706761	80,233
<i>A. wentii</i>	16	4H21	3:3886941-3984632	97,691
<i>A. wentii</i>	17	4H24	4:3696431-3796611	100,180
<i>A. wentii</i>	18	4F11	6:735456-839076	103,620
<i>A. wentii</i>	19	1H17	4:1-87455	87,454
<i>A. wentii</i>	20	2K17	1:3915914-4008958	93,044
<i>A. wentii</i>	21	2K14	2:47713-169410	121,697
<i>A. wentii</i>	22	3D13	4:1296201-1397275	101,074
<i>A. wentii</i>	23	3K2	6:2228078-2325930	97,852
<i>A. wentii</i>	24	3C22	8:121247-230196	108,949
<i>A. wentii</i>	25	3E24	8:318322-407365	89,043
<i>A. wentii</i>	26	3L2	9:672348-770093	97,745
<i>A. wentii</i>	27	3B4	9:1507369-1620289	112,920
<i>A. wentii</i>	28	3O22	5:115813-232664	116,851
<i>A. wentii</i>	29	4J7	2:84403-199331	114,928
<i>A. wentii</i>	30	2F2	2:2776606-2876645	100,039
<i>A. wentii</i>	31	3D3	3:179174-288015	108,841
<i>A. wentii</i>	32	1B1	8:2015243-2105484	90,241
<i>A. wentii</i>	33	2B19	9:60968-155731	94,763
<i>A. wentii</i>	34	1C5	1:4290614-4374135	83,521
<i>A. wentii</i>	35	3B20	4:1742758-1828851	86,093
<i>A. wentii</i>	36	3M15	5:2345788-2464884	119,096
<i>A. wentii</i>	37	3L20	7:1356289-1462621	106,332
<i>A. wentii</i>	38	4H11	7:1563096-1662018	98,922
<i>A. wentii</i>	39	4F15	10:118366-207802	89,436
<i>A. wentii</i>	40	3H22	1:2934184-3041025	106,841
<i>A. wentii</i>	41	2I6	2:3977696-4074392	96,696
<i>A. wentii</i>	42	4D13	6:1689604-1829952	140,348
<i>A. wentii</i>	43	1J2	10:1-87900	87,899
<i>A. wentii</i>	44	4O4	2:2094226-2208140	113,914
<i>A. wentii</i>	45	2A12	1:241509-348838	107,329
<i>A. wentii</i>	46	2B23	5:4926109-5034905	108,796
<i>A. wentii</i>	47	4C1	4:1016467-1115739	99,272
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	1	4H17	13:812147-930096	117,949
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	2	4L4	1:1329301-1443690	114,389
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	3	5G11	11:918965-992874	73,909
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	4	10A5	4:1981-104478	102,497
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	5	1L24	3:256945-345686	88,741
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	6	4E3	3:1876432-1983658	107,226
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	7	2P8	4:870643-1011680	141,037
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	8	6P3	5:1830781-1950997	120,216
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	9	1K8	7:483343-596987	113,644
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	10	1E6	7:45-101465	101,420
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	11	2P10	8:211037-336059	125,022
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	12	10C21	8:1429400-1530871	101,471
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	13	2B9	9:86486-187588	101,102
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	14	2L14	11:315430-417137	101,707
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	15	4N8	11:404232-517227	112,995
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	16	2M19	15:923337-1012873	89,536
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	17	1M17	16:118922-222177	103,255
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	18	2K16	19:402235-497393	95,158
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	19	1J4	25:37-110883	110,846
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	20			
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	21	1D8	1:78626-186378	107,752
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	22	1D8	1:78626-186378	107,752
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	23	2N5	1:934347-1052021	117,674
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	24	6J24		
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	25	2P10	8:211037-336059	125,022
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	26	4I23	9:285640-376987	91,347
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	27	1D4	9:1254796-1358882	104,086
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	28	1I21	11:392581-427849	35,268
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	29	3G18	13:521503-647022	125,519
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	30	6A16	16:18608-112106	93,498
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	31	4C19	23:290577-346496	55,919

TABLE 1-continued

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	32	8A16	1:2370038-2483583	113,545
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	33	4B9	3:31787-134936	103,149
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	34	10A5	4:1981-104478	102,497
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	35	10D7	5:13457-135109	121,652
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	36	1N19	5:540506-653619	113,113
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	37	4N5	11:505585-601756	96,171
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	38	1N17	17:406544-496393	89,849
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	39	1L21	18:355848-455803	99,955
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	40	3D12	22:235518-338083	102,565
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	41	2P8	4:870643-1011680	141,037
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	42	2H16	7:245753-358860	113,107
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	43	4G24	8:825803-930042	104,239
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	44	4N10	8:1046616-1187326	140,710
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	45	1A6	11:815776-909693	93,917
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	46	4P15	15:828019-921729	93,710
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	47			
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	48	3B14	16:743182-914054	170,872
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	49	2N10	19:21941-124962	103,021
<i>A. aculeatus</i>	50	3J24	19:179381-303639	124,258
<i>A. terreus</i>	1	4H7	1:341686-478144	136,458
<i>A. terreus</i>	1A	10A3	1:780509-887159	106,650
<i>A. terreus</i>	2	9C14	1:596085-734818	138,733
<i>A. terreus</i>	3	4P7	1:846996-965042	118,046
<i>A. terreus</i>	4	3P14	1:1934917-2042485	107,568
<i>A. terreus</i>	5	7C11	1:2374190-2485502	111,312
<i>A. terreus</i>	6/7	6H10	1:2508820-2605929	97,109
<i>A. terreus</i>	7	8P6	2:37278-154428	117,150
<i>A. terreus</i>	8	5P8	2:175456-236080	60,624
<i>A. terreus</i>	9	5L9	2:2033593-2136987	103,394
<i>A. terreus</i>	10	6H11	3:7234-82997	75,763
<i>A. terreus</i>	11	4O12	3:1398587-1483241	84,654
<i>A. terreus</i>	12	8G17	3:1480896-1564240	83,344
<i>A. terreus</i>	13	5O9	4:98801-160061	61,260
<i>A. terreus</i>	14	8A13	4:420918-531892	110,974
<i>A. terreus</i>	15	9P15	4:791111-894250	103,139
<i>A. terreus</i>	15/16	9P15	4:791111-894250	103,139
<i>A. terreus</i>	16	9P15	4:791111-894250	103,139
<i>A. terreus</i>	17	3I8	4:1758828-1873324	114,496
<i>A. terreus</i>	18	6H12	4:1879158-1966492	87,334
<i>A. terreus</i>	19	8K17	4:2034110-2123632	89,522
<i>A. terreus</i>	20	9J20		
<i>A. terreus</i>	21	4G11	5:133788-214705	80,917
<i>A. terreus</i>	22	10E11	5:1853747-1938725	102,692
<i>A. terreus</i>	23	9D19	6:159998-262690	102,692
<i>A. terreus</i>	24	10J22	6:1309309-1405640	96,331
<i>A. terreus</i>	25	9A23	7:69306-161456	92,150
<i>A. terreus</i>	25/26	9A23	26-7:69306-161456	92,150
<i>A. terreus</i>	26	6E22	7:115952-226883	110,931
<i>A. terreus</i>	27	4O15	7:389374-485106	95,732
<i>A. terreus</i>	28	3B22	8:378233-481460	103,227
<i>A. terreus</i>	29	3E2	8:1151835-1242603	95,425
<i>A. terreus</i>	30	9O3	8:1289965-1386325	96,360
<i>A. terreus</i>	31	9M17	8:1557569-1681014	123,445
<i>A. terreus</i>	32	2M16	9:37509-162692	125,183
<i>A. terreus</i>	33	6A19	9:117011-1219649	102,638
<i>A. terreus</i>	34	1F7	9:1340453-1432992	92,539
<i>A. terreus</i>	35	9B9	10:388955-491178	102,223
<i>A. terreus</i>	36	9H19	10:590841-687211	96,370
<i>A. terreus</i>	37	4N23	10:1162818-1274448	111,630
<i>A. terreus</i>	38	7O19	10:1344783-1469927	125,144
<i>A. terreus</i>	39	5N15		
<i>A. terreus</i>	40	5L7	11:189737-313873	124,136
<i>A. terreus</i>	41	6C13	11:591712-688498	96,786
<i>A. terreus</i>	42	10E15	11:1236080-1364157	128,077
<i>A. terreus</i>	43	6M16	12:499575-613644	114,069
<i>A. terreus</i>	44	6J7	12:1198845-1311006	112,161
<i>A. terreus</i>	44/45	6J7	12:1198845-1311006	112,161
<i>A. terreus</i>	45	6J7	12:1198845-1311006	112,161
<i>A. terreus</i>	46	5B9	13:398169-522253	124,084
<i>A. terreus</i>	47	8N10	13:400980-551101	150,121
<i>A. terreus</i>	48	5E10		

TABLE 1-continued

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>A. terreus</i>	49	6I22	14:10646-148251	137,605
<i>A. terreus</i>	50	7P13	14:102696-205536	102,840
<i>A. terreus</i>	51	7M4	14:179105-281612	102,507
<i>A. terreus</i>	52	8J19	14:332563-448705	116,142
<i>A. terreus</i>	53	6N3	15:324192-439862	115,670
<i>A. terreus</i>	54	3F4		
<i>A. terreus</i>	55	9F18	16:293433-427730	134,297
<i>A. terreus</i>	56	7A10	17:146565-258022	111,457
<i>A. terreus</i>	Ter-6M13		1:1386583-1533388	146,805
<i>A. terreus</i>	pene 1			
<i>A. terreus</i>	Ter-9E17		6:455951-563970	108,019
<i>A. terreus</i>	pene 2			
<i>A. terreus</i>	Ter-9C13		12:88904-236514	147,610
<i>A. terreus</i>	pene 3			
<i>A. terreus</i>	Ter-3D22		12:523665-644377	120,712
<i>A. terreus</i>	pene 4			
<i>F. solani</i>	1	2E3	10:497417-625418	128,001
<i>F. solani</i>	2			
<i>F. solani</i>	3	3F14	7:2665228-2777004	111,776
<i>F. solani</i>	4	2O10	11:1324838-1472596	147,758
<i>F. solani</i>	5	4I22	3:4484998-4590707	105,709
<i>F. solani</i>	6	1J3	1:5947166-6058440	111,274
<i>F. solani</i>	7	2C9	1:6048796-6187694	138,898
<i>F. solani</i>	8	1C22	2:78648-189964	111,316
<i>F. solani</i>	9	2B1	2:1222891-1338942	116,051
<i>F. solani</i>	10	3L2	3:4121819-4262348	140,529
<i>F. solani</i>	11	3G19	4:2935800-3094350	158,550
<i>F. solani</i>	12	2O18	6:121424-277323	155,899
<i>F. solani</i>	13	2O18	6:121424-277323	155,899
<i>F. solani</i>	14	10F21		
<i>F. solani</i>	15			
<i>F. solani</i>	16	3E2	4:3834997-3969332	134,335
<i>F. solani</i>	17	3A18	7:1303685-1388079	843,94
<i>F. solani</i>	18	1E22	12:379009-512802	133,793
<i>F. solani</i>	19	2F18	3:4443819-4582383	138,564
<i>F. solani</i>	20	2L11	7:1936340-2050559	114,219
<i>F. solani</i>	21	2E21	11:1902682-2059573	156,891
<i>F. solani</i>	22	3N11	3:1629540-1770525	140,985
<i>P. expansum</i>	1	1C1	2:312817-450926	138,109
<i>P. expansum</i>	2			
<i>P. expansum</i>	3			
<i>P. expansum</i>	4	1I8	4:1247013-1372677	125,664
<i>P. expansum</i>	5	3F5	1:1428409-1585340	156,931
<i>P. expansum</i>	6			
<i>P. expansum</i>	7	1E10	6:2472012-2613808	141,796
<i>P. expansum</i>	8	3H13	1:91057-206469	115,412
<i>P. expansum</i>	9	1M17	2:2757993-2859810	101,817
<i>P. expansum</i>	10			
<i>P. expansum</i>	11	4J16	3:5156008-5276692	120,684
<i>P. expansum</i>	12	1F14	1:2595162-2676961	81,799
<i>P. expansum</i>	13	4L5	3:2479260-2593440	114,180
<i>P. expansum</i>	14	1I20	5:2892354-2942520	50,166
<i>P. expansum</i>	15	1D1	7:1213497-1276116	62,619
<i>P. expansum</i>	16	1A5	7:1772082-1843010	70,928
<i>P. expansum</i>	17	3M24	1:3415171-3497903	82,732
<i>P. expansum</i>	18	4K17	1:5004361-5150993	146,632
<i>P. expansum</i>	19	1C22	2:439256-579636	140,380
<i>P. expansum</i>	20	3L8	2:568926-619210	50,284
<i>P. expansum</i>	21	1I13	2:1939195-2068600	129,405
<i>P. expansum</i>	22	3E9	2:2550509-2673774	123,265
<i>P. expansum</i>	23	3L12	2:4051128-4199147	148,019
<i>P. expansum</i>	24	1D10	2:4697659-4828152	130,493
<i>P. expansum</i>	25	1C20	3:1422179-1537964	115,785
<i>P. expansum</i>	26	1F1	4:2105296-2219587	114,291
<i>P. expansum</i>	27	3K18	4:2396436-2517370	120,934
<i>P. expansum</i>	28			
<i>P. expansum</i>	29	4B6	4:4151706-4258120	106,414
<i>P. expansum</i>	30	1H7	5:724830-858181	133,351
<i>P. expansum</i>	31	3D20	5:2516815-2595970	79,155
<i>P. expansum</i>	32	1H19	5:3059991-3198248	138,257
<i>P. expansum</i>	33	4F11	6:680725-789653	108,928

TABLE 1-continued

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>P. expansum</i>	34	4C4	6:2985678-3103152	117,474
<i>P. expansum</i>	35	1J1	7:1033873-1087766	53,893
<i>P. expansum</i>	36	1B3	7:1609591-1770767	161,176
<i>P. expansum</i>	37	1F15	2:3978538-4117151	138,613
<i>P. expansum</i>	38	2M3		
<i>P. expansum</i>	39	4N19	151:25308	
<i>P. expansum</i>	40	1D4	2:165990-301959	135,969
<i>P. expansum</i>	41	1M17	2:2757993-2859810	101,817
<i>P. expansum</i>	42	1L13	1:308889-439300	130,411
<i>P. expansum</i>	43	3O7	1:5834693-5974698	140,005
<i>P. expansum</i>	44	1L7	1:5930187-6058354	128,167
<i>P. expansum</i>	45			
<i>P. expansum</i>	46	3O24	232:16292	
<i>P. expansum</i>	47	4G22	6:1472288-1616429	144,141
<i>P. expansum</i>	48	3O17	6:104113-216326	112,213
<i>P. expansum</i>	49	1I16	5:3575401-3696790	121,389
<i>P. expansum</i>	50			
<i>P. expansum</i>	51	4N1	5:109164	
<i>P. expansum</i>	52	1E11	4:1187046-1321378	134,332
<i>P. expansum</i>	53	1K17	1:1048988-1183651	134,663
<i>P. expansum</i>	54	3P1	1:5444486-5562376	117,890
<i>P. expansum</i>	55	3A22	1:6038144-6166932	128,788
<i>P. expansum</i>	56	3D24	2:4386733-4544595	157,862
<i>P. expansum</i>	57	4F17	4:3681331-3802040	120,709
<i>P. mameffei</i>	1	3J15	67:225170-125073	100,097
<i>P. mameffei</i>	2	2P11	67:404440-310929	93,511
<i>P. mameffei</i>	3	1P3	67:677233-567875	109,358
<i>P. mameffei</i>	4	4N6		
<i>P. mameffei</i>	5	3K12		
<i>P. mameffei</i>	6	1G19	68:315035-218073	96,962

TABLE 1-continued

Identified FAC clones covering intact SM gene clusters/pathways				
Fungal name	Cluster No.	FAC name	FAC Chromosome location	FAC size (bp)
<i>P. mameffei</i>	7	2P24	68:1558104-1459036	99,068
<i>P. mameffei</i>	8	3N18	61:373927-285735	88,192
<i>P. mameffei</i>	9	2A16	61:1391144-1286901	104,243
<i>P. mameffei</i>	10	2P19	61:1648049-1517595	130,454
<i>P. mameffei</i>	11	1A23	61:3962211-3875027	87,184
<i>P. mameffei</i>	12	1L1	61:4455251-4326752	128,499
<i>P. mameffei</i>	13	1P2	61:4488722-4396086	92,636
<i>P. mameffei</i>	14	1E15	66:144375-42300	102,075
<i>P. mameffei</i>	15	1E18	66:1890203-1788064	102,139
<i>P. mameffei</i>	16	4N2		
<i>P. mameffei</i>	17	1D7	65:2792272-2681919	110,353
<i>P. mameffei</i>	18	4J6		
<i>P. mameffei</i>	19	1I10	62:312523-220000	92,523
<i>P. mameffei</i>	20	1B14	62:32547-232187	94,360
<i>P. mameffei</i>	21	1F17	62:534989-424038	110,951
<i>P. mameffei</i>	22	3M19	62:1367736-1247185	120,551
<i>P. mameffei</i>	23	2D2	62:1808172-1705473	102,699
<i>P. mameffei</i>	24	1K4	62:2312436-2214666	97,770
<i>P. mameffei</i>	25	4A13	62:2748106-2635778	112,328
<i>P. mameffei</i>	26	4L14	62:3766925-3684552	112,373
<i>P. mameffei</i>	27			
<i>P. mameffei</i>	28	2J1	63:339173-235695	103,478
<i>P. mameffei</i>	29	4J24	63:1382725-1309149	73,576
<i>P. mameffei</i>	30	2P4	63:3217298-3115266	102,032
<i>P. mameffei</i>	31	4E11	64:1546365-1430552	115,813
<i>P. mameffei</i>	32	1J20	64:2842771-2737719	105,052
<i>P. mameffei</i>	33	3D3	64:3147532-3049393	98,139
<i>P. mameffei</i>	34	1N18	64:3206127-3074195	131,932

FAC Label	FAC Full Name	Cluster #	Fungal ID	Deletion	Engineered Gene ID	gdpA promoter insertion	gdpA promoter insertion site
pmFAC7nrps	PmFAC7-2P24-	7	Pm		PMAA_01400	yes	NRPS
2P24gpdAp	PMAA_01400-gpdAp						
pmFAC30TF	PmFAC30-2P4-	30	Pm		PMAA_088090	yes	TF
2P4gpdAp	PMAA_088090-gpdAp						
pmFAC23nrps	PmFAC23-2D2-	23	Pm		PMAA_068360	yes	NRPS
2D2gpdAp	PMAA_068360-gpdAp						
pmFAC19nrps	PmFAC19-1I10-	19	Pm		PMAA_062600	yes	NRPS
1I10gpdAp	PMAA_062600-gpdAp						
pmFAC13TF	PmFAC13-1P2-	13	Pm		PMAA_031600	yes	TF
1P2gpdAp	PMAA_031600-gpdAp						
pmFAC11TF	PmFAC11-1A23-	11	Pm		PMAA_029860	yes	TF
1A23gpdAp	PMAA_029860-gpdAp						
FsFAC19TF	FsFAC19-2F18-	19	Fs		NECHADRAFT_78518	yes	TF
2F18gpdAp	NECHADRAFT_78518-gpdAp						
FsFAC7nrps	FsFAC7-2C9-	7	Fs		NECHADRAFT_31971	yes	NRPS
2C9gpdAp	NECHADRAFT_31971-gpdAp						
FsFAC22pks	FsFAC22-3N11-	22	Fs		NECHADRAFT_91827	yes	PKS
3N11gpdAp	NECHADRAFT_91827-gpdAp						
FsFAC14nrps	FsFAC14-10F21-	14	Fs		NECHADRAFT_44426	yes	NRPS
10F21gpdAp	NECHADRAFT_44426-gpdAp						
AaFAC30	AaFAC30-6A16-	30	Aa	yes	Aacu16872_046595		
6A16Δnrps	ΔAacu16872_046595						
AaFAC35	AaFAC35-10D7-	35	Aa	yes	Aacu16872_51108		
10D7Δpks	ΔAacu16872_51108						
AaFAC39	AaFAC39-1L21-	39	Aa	yes	Aacu16872_054820		
1L21Δpks	ΔAacu16872_054820						
AaFAC41	AaFAC41-2P8-	41	Aa	yes	Aacu16872_058515		
2P8Δnrps	ΔAacu16872_058515						
AwFAC2-1K8Δ400	AwFAC2-1K8-	2	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0027400		
	ΔAspwe1_0027400						
AwFAC4-4E11Δ72	AwFAC4-4E11-	4	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0034272		
	ΔAspwe1_0034272						

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FAC Label	FAC Full Name	Cluster #	Fungal ID	Deletion	Engineered Gene ID	gdpA promoter insertion	gdpA promoter insertion site
AwFAC8-4D17A97	AwFAC8-4D17- ΔAspwe1_0042597	8	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0042597		
AwFAC10-4D8A25	AwFAC10-4D8- ΔAspwe1_0044725	10	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0044725		
AwFAC19-1H17A22	AwFAC19-1H17- ΔAspwe1_0085322	19	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0085322		
AwFAC27-3B4A09	AwFAC27-3B4-ΔAspwe1_0121409	27	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0121409		
AwFAC31-3D3A32	AwFAC31-3D3-ΔAspwe1_0151732	31	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0151732		
AwFAC32-1B1A93	AwFAC32-1B1-ΔAspwe1_0163793	32	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0163793		
AwFAC43-1J2A48	AwFAC43-1J2-ΔAspwe1_0294248	43	Aw	yes	Aspwe1_0294248		
AtFAC30-nrpsgpdA-p	AtFAC30-9O3-ATEG_06113-gpdAp	30	At		ATEG_06113	yes	NRPS
AtFAC35gpdA-p	AtFAC35-9B9-ATEG_06995-gpdAp	35	At		ATEG_06995	yes	TF
AtFAC46gpdA-p	AtFAC46-7J7-ATEG_08663-gpdAp	48	At		ATEG_08663	yes	TF
AtFAC36-9H19A7	AtFAC36-9H19-ΔATEG_07067	36	At	yes	ATEG_07067		
AtFAC39-5N15A80	AtFAC39-5N15-ΔATEG_07380	39	At	yes	ATEG_07380		
AtFAC40-5L7APKS	AtFAC40-5L7-ΔATEG_07500	40	At	yes	ATEG_07500		
AtFAC38gpdAp	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp	38	At		ATEG_07357	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA63	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07363	38	At	yes	ATEG_07363	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA62	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07362	38	At	yes	ATEG_07362	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA61	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07361	38	At	yes	ATEG_07361	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA60	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07360	38	At	yes	ATEG_07360	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA59	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07359	38	At	yes	ATEG_07359	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdAΔNRPS	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07358	38	At	yes	ATEG_07358	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA56	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07356	38	At	yes	ATEG_07356	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA55	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07355	38	At	yes	ATEG_07355	yes	TF
AtFAC38gpdA54	AtFAC38-7O19-ATEG_07357- gpdAp-ΔATEG_07354	38	At	yes	ATEG_07354	yes	TF
AtFAC 20 Δ73	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔATEG_03573	20	At	yes	ATEG_03573		
AtFAC 20 Δ9	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔATEG_03569	20	At	yes	ATEG_03569		
AtFAC 20 ΔM	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔATEG_03568	20	At	yes	ATEG_03568		Trans-isoprenyl diphosphate synthase, Isoprenoid C1 superfamily
AtFAC 20 ΔM2	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔATEG_03567p	20	At	yes	ATEG_03567p		Cytochrome P450
AtFAC 20 ΔPKS	AtFAC20-9J20- ΔATEG_03575&ATEG_03574	20	At	yes	ATEG_03575 and ATEG_03574		
AtFAC 20 ΔNRPS 3	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔATEG_03576	20	At	yes	ATEG_03576		
AtFAC 20 ΔOphio	AtFAC20-9J20-Δophio- entire region	20	At	yes			FAC20:7-33473
AtFAC 20 ΔBenz	AtFAC20-9J20-Δbenz- entire region	20	At	yes	partial missing		FAC20:33474-102556
AtFAC 20 ΔMtase	AtFAC20-9J20-ΔnbenX	20	At	yes	missing		FAC20:90495-91733-(EasF) dimethylallyltryptophan N-methyltransferase
AtFAC 20 ΔNRPS 1	AtFAC20-9J20ΔbenY	20	At	yes	missing		FAC20:86362-89695-NRPS1
AtFAC 20 ΔNRPS 2	AtFAC20-9J20ΔbenZ	20	At	yes	missing		FAC20:77576-84859-NRPS2
AtFAC20 9J20benY	AtFAC20-9J20ΔbenY-TermC	20	At	yes	missing		FAC20:88367-89741-NRPS1-Cterm
AtFAC20 9J20benZ	AtFAC20-9J20ΔbenZ-TermC	20	At	yes	missing		FAC20:77529-78882-NRPS2-Cterm
FAC20ΔPbenF/2R	AtFAC20-9J20ΔPbenF/2R-locus	20	At	yes			FAC20:33474-84859
FAC20Δ2F/PbenR	AtFAC20-9J20-Δ2F/PbenR-locus	20	At	yes			FAC20:86362-102556
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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Fungal replication origin

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 3031
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: fungal selection marker

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<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10

<211> LENGTH: 277

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: fungal selection marker

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<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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Thr Asn Val Thr Val Ser Ala Asp Val Thr Thr Thr Lys Glu Leu Leu
35          40          45

Asp Leu Ala Asp Arg Leu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Ala Val Ile Lys Thr His
50          55          60

Ile Asp Ile Leu Ser Asp Phe Ser Glu Glu Thr Ile Thr Gly Leu Lys
65          70          75          80

Ala Leu Ala Glu Lys His Asn Phe Leu Ile Phe Glu Asp Arg Lys Phe
85          90          95

Ile Asp Ile Gly Asn Thr Val Gln Lys Gln Tyr His Gly Gly Thr Leu
100         105         110

Arg Ile Ser Glu Trp Ala His Ile Ile Asn Cys Ser Ile Leu Pro Gly
115         120         125

Glu Gly Ile Val Glu Ala Leu Ala Gln Thr Ala Ser Ala Glu Asp Phe
130         135         140

Pro Tyr Gly Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Leu Ile Leu Ala Glu Met Thr Ser
145         150         155         160

Lys Gly Ser Leu Ala Thr Gly Gln Tyr Thr Thr Ser Ser Val Asp Tyr
165         170         175

Ala Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Phe Val Met Gly Phe Val Ser Thr Arg His
180         185         190

Leu Gly Glu Val Gln Ser Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Ser Glu Glu Glu Asp
195         200         205

Phe Val Val Phe Thr Thr Gly Val Asn Leu Ser Ser Lys Gly Asp Lys
210         215         220

Leu Gly Gln Gln Tyr Gln Thr Pro Glu Ser Ala Val Gly Arg Gly Ala
225         230         235         240

Asp Phe Ile Ile Ala Gly Arg Gly Ile Tyr Ala Ala Pro Asp Pro Val
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<210> SEQ ID NO 11

<211> LENGTH: 12699

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Vector

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

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<400> SEQUENCE: 13

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<210> SEQ ID NO 15

<211> LENGTH: 485

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: fungal inducible promoter

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

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<210> SEQ ID NO 16
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: fungal codon optimized integrase gene

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<210> SEQ ID NO 17
<211> LENGTH: 613

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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: fungal codon optimized integrase

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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35 40 45
Val Glu Arg Asp Gly Gly Arg Phe Arg Phe Val Gly His Phe Ser Glu
50 55 60
Ala Pro Gly Thr Ser Ala Phe Gly Thr Ala Glu Arg Pro Glu Phe Glu
65 70 75 80
Arg Ile Leu Asn Glu Cys Arg Ala Gly Arg Leu Asn Met Ile Ile Val
85 90 95
Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Arg Leu Lys Val Met Asp Ala Ile Pro
100 105 110
Ile Val Ser Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu Gly Val Thr Ile Val Ser Thr Gln
115 120 125
Glu Gly Val Phe Arg Gln Gly Asn Val Met Asp Leu Ile His Leu Ile
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Met Arg Leu Asp Ala Ser His Lys Glu Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Ala Lys
145 150 155 160
Ile Leu Asp Thr Lys Asn Leu Gln Arg Glu Leu Gly Gly Tyr Val Gly
165 170 175
Gly Lys Ala Pro Tyr Gly Phe Glu Leu Val Ser Glu Thr Lys Glu Ile
180 185 190
Thr Arg Asn Gly Arg Met Val Asn Val Val Ile Asn Lys Leu Ala His
195 200 205
Ser Thr Thr Pro Leu Thr Gly Pro Phe Glu Phe Glu Pro Asp Val Ile
210 215 220
Arg Trp Trp Trp Arg Glu Ile Lys Thr His Lys His Leu Pro Phe Lys
225 230 235 240
Pro Gly Ser Gln Ala Ala Ile His Pro Gly Ser Ile Thr Gly Leu Cys
245 250 255
Lys Arg Met Asp Ala Asp Ala Val Pro Thr Arg Gly Glu Thr Ile Gly
260 265 270
Lys Lys Thr Ala Ser Ser Ala Trp Asp Pro Ala Thr Val Met Arg Ile
275 280 285
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290 295 300
Lys Lys Pro Asp Gly Thr Pro Thr Thr Lys Ile Glu Gly Tyr Arg Ile
305 310 315 320
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325 330 335
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340 345 350
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355 360 365

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Gly	Ala	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala	Pro	Lys
	515						520					525			
Leu	Pro	Leu	Asp	Gln	Trp	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ala	Asp	Pro	Thr
	530				535						540				
Gly	Pro	Lys	Ser	Trp	Trp	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ser	Val	Asp	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val
545				550						555					560
Phe	Val	Gly	Leu	Phe	Val	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Val	Thr	Lys	Ser	Thr	Thr
			565					570						575	
Gly	Arg	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ser	Ile	Thr	Trp
			580					585					590		
Ala	Lys	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp	Glu	Asp	Asp	Ala	Gln	Asp	Gly	Thr
		595				600						605			
Glu	Asp	Val	Ala	Ala											
610															

What is claimed is:

1. A fungal artificial chromosome (FAC) comprising:
at least one bacterial origin of replication;
a bacterial selectable marker gene;
a fungal selectable marker gene; and
a fungal autonomous replicating element.
2. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, wherein the fungal autonomous replicating element is an AMA1 autonomous replicating element.
3. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a cloning site comprising a plurality of recognition sites for restriction enzymes that generate non-complementary single-stranded overhangs upon digestion of the FAC.
4. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, wherein the restriction enzymes that generate non-complementary single-stranded overhangs upon digestion of the FAC are selected from the group consisting of BstXI, I-SceI and a combination thereof.
5. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, wherein the at least one bacterial origin of replication is selected from the group consisting of a low-copy

number bacterial origin of replication, an inducible high-copy number bacterial origin of replication, and a combination thereof.

6. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 5, wherein the low-copy number bacterial origin of replication is an oriS and the inducible high-copy number bacterial origin of replication is an oriV.

7. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, wherein the bacterial selectable marker gene is selected from the group consisting of a chloramphenicol resistance gene (camR), kanR, ampR, genR, tetA, strepR, galK, and a combination thereof.

8. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, wherein the fungal selectable marker gene is selected from the group consisting of pyrG, ptrA, trpC, and a combination thereof.

9. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, further comprising an insert of at least 20 kb.

10. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim 1, further comprising an insert of at least 100 kb.

11. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim **1**, further comprising at least one secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster.

12. A fungal artificial chromosome in accordance with claim **1**, further comprising an integration site and an integrase gene.

13. A fungus comprising the fungal artificial chromosome of claim **1**.

14. A fungus in accordance with claim **13**, wherein the fungus is an *Aspergillus* fungus.

15. A fungus in accordance with claim **13**, wherein the fungal artificial chromosome comprises at least one secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster that is heterologous to the fungus.

16. A method of unbiased FAC library construction, comprising:

providing high molecular weight (HMW) genomic DNA from a fungus;

mechanically shearing the HMW genomic DNA into fragments of 100 kb-300 kb in length;

generating blunt ends on the DNA fragments;

ligating BstXI linkers to the blunt ends, thereby generating linker-ligated DNA fragments;

purifying the linker-ligated DNA fragments by pulse field gel electrophoresis; and

ligating the purified and linker-ligated DNA fragments into a BstXI-cut fungal artificial chromosome (FAC) of claim **1**.

17. A method in accordance with claim **16**, further comprising transforming a host microorganism with the ligated BstXI-cut FAC, wherein the host microorganism is selected from the group consisting of an *E. coli* and a second fungus.

18. A method in accordance with claim **17**, wherein the HMW genomic DNA is heterologous to the second fungus.

19. A method of inserting a DNA sequence into a targeted location in a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster, comprising:

providing a fungal artificial chromosome (FAC) comprising a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster in accordance with claim **11**;

providing an insertion DNA comprising a) a first sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a first side of the targeted location, b) a sequence to be inserted, c) a second sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a second side of the targeted location and d) a bacterial selectable marker;

transforming the FAC and the insertion DNA into an *E. coli* strain that expresses Red/ET recombinase enzymes; and

selecting a transformed *E. coli* cell that comprises the bacterial selectable marker.

20. A method of deleting a targeted DNA sequence from a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster, comprising:

providing a fungal artificial chromosome (FAC) comprising a secondary metabolite (SM) gene cluster in accordance with claim **11**;

providing a deletion DNA comprising a) a first sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a first side of the targeted DNA sequence, b) a second sequence homologous to a sequence flanking a second side of the targeted DNA sequence, and c) a bacterial selectable marker;

transforming the FAC and the insertion DNA into an *E. coli* strain that expresses Red/ET recombinase enzymes; and

selecting a transformed *E. coli* cell that comprises the bacterial selectable marker.

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